SEMI-WEEKLY NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $4 PER ANNUM. PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS. WEEKLY, $2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1852. NO. 8.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annum in advance, or within the first month, Two dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines, will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judidicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

IMMENSE COMBINATION!

ROBINSON & ELDRED,

AND

SANDS, QUICK & CO.

The most Extensive Menagerie, and the most elegant and chaste

CIRCUS COMPANY.

Hitherto either of these splendid Establishments have alone outrivalled all competition. They are now combined, and both Exhibitions can be enjoyed in all their magnificence and splendor for the same price as was formerly demanded and paid to witness one.

The Company will exhibit at

Oxford, on Thursday, the	2d Dec.
Tally Ho,	3d "
Woods's. (Forsyth's old place,)	4th "
Hillsborough, Monday the	6th "

Hayes' Store on Tuesday the 7th, and at Morrisville on Wednesday the 8th.

Raleigh, on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, the 9th, 10th, and 11th of Decemher.

☞ Admission to the whole exhibition of Animals and Circus, 50 cents; children and servants half price.

All opposition at an end.

The hitherto unheard of combination of these two tremendous establishments is a new era in the history of the exhibition of

Circus and Wild Animals,

and throws all of Barnum's speculations in the shade.

ROBINSON & ELDRED

have hitherto enjoyed the highest popularity and renown for the productions of the most superb feats of Horsemanship, by Master James. Master John, Madame Robinson, Mad'lle Henrietta, and the whole of their inimitable Troupe, as well as for the chasteness and decorum which ever characterised their arena performances. But in order more fully to satisfy their Southern patrons, they have effected a combination with the equally celebrated

SANDS, QUICK & CO.,

whose wonderful collection of Rare and Wild Animals is notorious as far surpassing any other in America.

The Great War Elephant BOLIVAR, the largest and best trained of all the segacious monsters ever yet exhibited, is with this great combined

Southern Menagerie and Circus.

THE HUGE WHITE BEAR,

Weighing 1,500 pounds, and the only specimen now living in America, adds wonder to this superb collection.

Lions, Tigers. Zebras, Hyenas, Leopards, Apes, Monkeys, Ourang Outang.

Birds of different climes and species, and an endless variety of Animated Nature, will be exhibited to the delight and improvement of all who visit the canvass.

T. U. TIDMARSH, *Agent.*

☞ Doors open for Day performance, at 12½ o'clock, performance to commence at 1½. Night performance, doors open at 6, performance to commence at 6½.

November 23 5—

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

"We Study to Please."

THE Subscriber has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has been engaged in superintending the manufacture of his entire

STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Which is now being opened

AT HIS NEW STORE.

Old Stand,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

His Store is fitted up in a style of elegance, superior to any in the State, and his Stock presents attractions, rarely to be seen, except in the large assortments of the Northern cities. E. L. HARDING.

Raleigh, October 4th, 1852. 83

A Large Lot of Musical Instruments,

BY the retail or wholesale; Guitars from three to forty dollars, Violins from 25 cents to 50 dollars, Banjors of all sizes and prices, Flutes with from one to eight keys, Octave Flutes, Fifes, Accordeons, French and German, &c.

A very fine lot of new and fashionable Music, Music Books bound, with the music selected by myself to suit all kinds of performers.

Paint for Oil or Water colors of every description, put up in tin boxes or by the single tube. Canvass on stretchers or by the single yard of all sizes—in short every thing that belongs to the Fine Arts.

Perfumeries and fancy articles of all kinds, too tedious to mention.

Two second-handed Pianos to sell or rent.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, October 18th, 1852. 97—

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to the present Legislature for the passage of an act to unite into one Company the Greensville and Roanoke Railroad Company, and the Petersburg Railroad Company.

November 17th, 1852. 2—1m.

CHEAP AS EVER!

THE subscriber would respectfully call the attention of his town and country friends to his well selected stock of Groceries, Confectionaries, fancy articles, &c., and I pledge myself not to be undersold by any one in the place; you will find the following, in part:

Groceries.

25 Barrels Brown, Pulverised, Crushed and Clarified Sugars, from 8½ to 12½ cents

12 Bags Rio and Laguara Coffee, best quality.

8 Bbls Roe-Herrings, prime article Tallow, Adamantine Candles.

A fine lot of Black and Green Tea in papers of ¼, ½, 1 pound papers.

3½ Chests, Gun Powder and Imperial Tea.

2 Casks of New Orleans Molasses, &c., &c.

100 pounds Baltimore Bacon, Sides and Shoulders.

Fancy Articles.

A finer lot, I am confident, never was offered in this market to be sold very cheap.

Guns and Cutlery.

12 Guns from five to thirty dollars,

Pistols of various kinds. A fine lot of table and pocket cutlery.

Confectionaries.

A fine lot of Candies of my own make at the usual low price of $15 per hundred pounds.

2 casks of preserved Ginger. Gum Drops of different kinds.

4 cases of Prunes in glass jars. 2 doz. fancy boxes.

200 lbs. Currents at the low price 12½ cents.

Pickles, Preserves, Catsups, Walnuts, Almonds, Palm Nuts and Filberts. Matches lower than ever sold in this market; and many other articles in this line not necessary to mention.

Cigars.

50,000 of assorted brands and cheaper than can be found elsewhere in the city. Members of the Legislature and others who indulge in a smoke, are requested to call at my store. I have on hand a good lot of Snuff and Chewing Tobacco.

Burning Fluid.

3 Casks Burning Fluid at reduced price and warranted to be as good as any brought to the city. My town and country friends may rest assured that the above goods can be bought as cheap as the lowest seller dare offer them.

Norfolk Oysters,

I have made arrangements with dealers in Norfolk whereby I shall be enabled to furnish the city and country with Oysters. Orders from a distance will meet with prompt attention. L. B. WALKER.

Raleigh, Nov. 6, 1852. 103—

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL IN RALEIGH.

THE Subscriber will open a School of this description in the City of Raleigh, on the first Monday in January next, strictly limited to *twenty-five* pupils. The Latin, Greek, and French languages will be soundly taught, with a thorough course of Mathematics. As the school is intended to be one of high grade, pupils will be expected to have already received some degree of preparatory instruction in the ordinary English branches.

The first session will be one of *five months*. Some half dozen boarders may be accomodated, if preferred, in the Principal's family, at $12,00 per month.

Fees for Latin, Greek, and Mathematics,	$25,00
French extra,	10,00

One half of the above expenses will be expected invariably in advance.

L. WADDELL.

October 10, 1852. 104—

REFERENCES.

Faculty of Washington College, Lexington, Va.,
Trustees of Staunton Academy, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. H. Ruffner, D. D., Kanawha co., Va.,
Hon. A. H. H. Stuart, Secretary of the Interior, Washington city.
Dr. F. T. Stribling, Western Lunatic Asylum, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. W. H. McGuffey, D. D., University of Va.,
Rev. R. H. Philips, Virginia Female Institute, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. B. M. Smith, Staunton, Va.,
Judge J. W. Brockenbrough, U. S. Court, Lexington, Va.,
Judge L. P. Thompson, Staunton, Va.,
Rev. Moses D. Hodge, Richmond, Va.,
Hon. S. S. Baxter, Richmond, Va.,
Rev. J. J. Smyth, Everittsville, N. C.,
Rev. B. H. Rice, D. D., Prince Edward co., Va.

The subscriber begs leave to add to his father's advertisement, inserted above, that any other information that may be desired in reference to his school, may be obtained of himself or of Mr. Cooke, at the North Carolina Institute for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind.

J. A. WADDELL.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now opening his FALL AND WINTER GOODS at his old stand, consisting in part of

White Welsh and English Flannels,
Twilled and Plain Red do.
Plaid and Plain Linseys, and Marlboro' Stripes,
Red Blankets, from good to superior fine,
8-4 Damask Table Diaper,
Hukaback, Russia, Bird-eyed, and Brown Diaper,
Diaper Twills, by the dozen, Linen Crush,
Irish Linen, Linen, Cambric and Long Lawn,
Bleached and Brown Shirting and Jeans,
12-4 Bleached Shirting, 5-4 Brown Shirting,
Extra Ettrick Osnaburg, very heavy 7-8 wide,
Bed Ticking and Apron Checks,
100 doz. Spool Cotton, White, Bl'k and Col'd.
Black and Assorted Sewing Silks, Stay Bindings,
Tidy and Darning Cotton, bl'k Darning Cotton,
White and bl'k Cotton Hose, Brown and Bleached Hose,
Bl'k and White Silk Hose, bl'k Raw Silk Hose,
Jaconette, Cambric, Plaid, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Carpeting and Hearth Rugs, Carpet Binding and Drugget. For sale by J. BROWN.

Raleigh, Sept. 21, 1852. 89—

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

PURSUANT to a decree in the case of "Lucius J. Johnson and others v. Cornelia Johnson and others," entered at Fall Term, 1852, of Chowan Superior Court of Equity, I shall sell at Public Auction, before the Court House door in Edenton, on Monday the 27th day of December next,

The Large and Valuable Plantation,

upon which the late Charles E. Johnson resided, known as the BANDON FARM. This Plantation is situated immediately on the Chowan River, and adjoins the lands of Dr. T. D. Warren, William Privett, Edmund Brinkley, James L. Roberts, Thomas White, Hardy Cross, and the Parker land, and contains 2,350 ACRES. Attached to it is one of the most valuable Fisheries on Chowan River. The buildings, comprising a large and commodious Dwelling, and the necessary Farm-houses, are in good order. The location is one of the healthiest in this section of the State, and has excellent water.

The terms of the sale are a credit of ONE, TWO and THREE years—the Notes to be well secured, and to draw interest from date. About one hundred dollars will be required in Cash.

TH. C. MANNING, C. & M. E., C. C.

November 8th, 1852. 104—td.

R. F. LESTER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

PETERSBURG, Va.

WILL give his personal attention to the sale of all kinds of Produce and to Forwarding Goods, &c. Attends particularly to forwarding Tobacco and other Produce to Richmond.

REFER TO—Hon. A. W Venable, and Dr. G. A. Wilson, Granville, Mr. W. L. Pomeroy, Raleigh.

November 4, 1852. —3m.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers, on the 28th of December, at the Court House in Oxford, will positively sell to the highest bidder the valuable HOUSE AND LOT once owned by Joseph Littlejohn, Sr., in the town of Oxford, now belonging to the Estate of the late Robert Taylor, dec'd. on a credit of one and two years with interest from date of sale, in bonds of approved surety. This property contains 104 acres of land, three fourths of which are in woods, a fine two story dwelling house, having eight rooms, with fire places, a garret with three rooms and a cellar with four rooms, all well finished off, an entry with a passage with all necessary out houses; and situated on a high eminence half a mile from the Court House midst a large grove of fine oaks commanding a view of town in front, with a very fine spring on the premises as near the house as could be desired. This situation is admirably suited to those who desire to be convenient to the Male and Female Schools and business of the place.

Those desiring information are referred to
Maj. C. L. Hinton, of Raleigh,
Gen. Joseph B. Littlejohn, of Franklin,
Richard Smith, Esq., of Caswell,
Robt. B. Gilliam, Esq, of Oxford,
Thomas Speller, Esq., of Bertie,
Thomas Alston, Esq. of Warren,
Col. R. O. Britton, of Petersburg,
Dr. Thos. Gilliam, of Fayetteville.

By the Executors of
ROB'T. TAYLOR, Dec'd.

Oxford, Nov. 9, 1852. 104—td.

TO MERCHANTS—IMPORTANT AND TRUE. The fact, that merchants can supply their wants in their home markets, and thus save the trouble and expense of a northern trip, being fully established, the subscribers, in anticipation of a large demand for their popular Ready Made Clothing, have manufactured an unusually large stock, which, they may safely say, has never been surpassed, if it has been equalled, in the southern market.

Encouraged by the very liberal patronage hitherto received, and with largely increased facilities, we are determined to keep pace with the onward spirit of the age, and to use every honorable effort to deserve our share of the "*public distribution.*" Merchants visiting Petersburg, whether dealing in Clothing or not, are invited to visit our WHOLESALE ROOMS, now stocked with every variety of Clothing, *of our own manufacture*, the most modern styles, and at *New York prices.*

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE CLOTHING BAZAAR,
Sycamore, three doors from Bank street,
Petersburg, Va.

September 1, 1852. 84—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale in Raleigh.

THE subscribers will sell, on the premises, on the 18th of December next, two LOTS, with all the improvements thereon, situated on Hillsborough street, just outside the corporation limits, adjoining the Rev. Dr. Mason, and in front of Mr. Courts, and within a few hundred yards of St. Mary's. One of the lots has a new and well constructed and well built two story Dwelling House, with three rooms below and three rooms above, all with good fire-places; a two-story Kitchen, with four rooms with fire-places in each room—together with all the necessary outhouses. Also, a highly improved Gardan, of three-fourths of an acre.

The other lot adjoining (on the corner,) has a Store and Warehouse, Dwelling House, Kitchen, Stable and Carriage house, and a first rate well of water. It is an excellent stand for the mercantile business.

This property is as desirable as any about the City of Raleigh.

Terms made known on day of sale.

JOHN BUFFALOE.
J. W. B. WATSON, Ex'r.
of J. O. WATSON, dec'd.

November 18th, 1852. 2—td.

Marine & Pocket Chronometers, Duplex and Repeating Watches.

(By Appointment to the Admiralty.)

WILLIAM DIXON,

CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MANUFACTURER,

45 King Square, Goswell Road, London

THIS certifies that the accompanying Watch No. 14713, is warranted by me to be of my Manufacture, and no Watch with my name upon it, is genuine, unless accompanied by a Certificate, bearing my signature.

I guarantee the Watch No. 14713 to keep time to the satisfaction of the purchaser.

W. DIXON.

These Watches have a high reputation in Europe and America as superior time pieces. Imported and for sale by

PALMER & RAMSAY.

Raleigh, Nov. 15th, 1852. 1—

RICH FANCY DRY GOODS,

FOR THE FALL OF 1852.

Just in time for the Legislature.

THE subscriber having removed to the Corner Store House, formerly occupied by Mr. B. B. Smith, which has been recently fitted up in most elegant style, and having just returned from New York, is now opening quite a magnificent supply of *Rich Fancy Dry Goods*, of the latest importations and fashions from *Paris* and *London*, which are exceedingly attracting, and to which he would respectfully invite the attention of tasty purchasers, both among the ladies and gentlemen, from the City and surrounding country.

Also, a full supply of *Hats, Caps, Shoes, Boots*, and *Bonnets* of every description.

Together with a full lot of *Ready Made Clothing* common and fine, remarkably cheap.

T. A. MITCHELL.

Raleigh, October 1st, 1852. 92—

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!

TATE & CO. have this day received another large lot of the latest styles of Fashionable READY MADE CLOTHING, manufactured by ourselves expressly for our own Wholesale and Retail trade, and warranted to give satisfaction. We name in part—extra-fine black, blue, brown and olive colored Beaver Over Sacks, fine and extra-fine Dress and Frocks of various styles, do Satin silk Velvet, Cashmere and merino Vests, fine and extra-fine black doeskin and fancy cassimere Pants, likewise, a very large lot of medium and low priced in great abundance, all of which we will sell as low as such goods can be bought in any city in the United States, wholesale or retail. Call on TATE & Co. for bargains.

N. B. We would respectfully say to those who have left their measures for Clothing that they are all received in fine order.

TATE & CO.,
West side, Fayetteville street, Raleigh.

November 29th, 1852. 5—

Pleasant Grove Male Academy.

WAKE FOREST, N. C.

WILLIAM M. CRENSHAW, A. B., Principal.

THE next session of this Institution will commence on the 2nd Monday in January next. The Academy is situated about 1 1-2 miles from Forestville.

No deduction for loss of time, except in case of protracted sickness. Board can be had at $8 50 per month, including washing, lights and fuel. Tuition from $7 to $15 per session. For further particulars address

DR. W. HARTSFIELD,
Forestville, Wake County, N. C.

November 8th, 1852. 104—(15)

☞ The Weekly Register and the Spirit of the Age will copy.

North Carolina Manufactures.

BATTLE & SON, Are still manufacturing, at the ROCKY MOUNT MILLS, N. C. about 300,000 lbs. *Cotton Yarns*, per annum (equal to the best Georgia Yarns,) which they will deliver to Merchants free of charge, at New York prices.

Orders addressed to Battle, & Son, Rocky Mount, N. C., will receive prompt attention.

February, 1852. 39—1y.

The Huntress Sul-Malla!

Who moves so stately on Lamon, at the roar of the foamy waters? Her hair falls upon her heaving breast, white is her arm behind, as slow she bends the bow! Why dost thou wander in deserts, like a light through a cloudy field? The young Roes are panting by their secret rocks. Return thou daughter of Kings, the cloudy night is near!

It was the young branch of green Inishuna, Sul-Malla of blue eyes. She sent the bard from her rock to bid us to her feast. Amidst the song we sat down in Cluba's Echoing Hall; white moved the hands of Sul-Malla, on the trembling strings, half heard amidst the sound, was the name of the

Truly Fortunate and Far-Famed

Lottery Agents and Bankers,

PYFER & CO,

No. 1, Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

"There are deeds which should not pass away,
And names that must not wither, though the Earth
Forgets her Empires."

These lines the ill-fated Byron must have designed should apply to the bright deeds and undying name of the world-renowned and universally admitted "greatest of the great," of all earthly Prize Sellers,

The old Established and Popular

FAVORITES OF FORTUNE

PYFER & CO.

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

Citizens of the Union! We here present to you the nucleus of the Brilliant Lotteries for December. One order may crown your wishes. Thousands are now rushing to this inexhaustible fountain of wealth, and the sanitary effect is witnessed in the Palaces of the Rich.

The experience of every day teaches the vital necessity of wealth.

"O 'tis a sweet companion! Kind and true!
A man may trust it, when his father cheats him,
Brother, or friend or wife. O wonderous pelf,
That which makes all men false, is true itself."

Splendid Schemes for December, 1852.

☞ The Certificate Prices of packages of quarter tickets only, are given below.

Date. Dec.	Capital Prizes.		No. of Ballots.	Price of Tickets.	Price of Packages
1	$36,623	75 Nos	12 drawn	$10	$35 00
2	20,000	78 Nos	14 drawn	5	18 00
3	20,000	75 Nos	15 drawn	5	16 00
4	38,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	10	35 00
6	28,500	75 Nos	13 drawn	8	27 00
7	24,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
8	37,500	75 Nos	12 drawn	10	35 00
9	20,608	78 Nos	14 drawn	5	18 00
10	13,500	78 Nos	15 drawn	4	13 00
11	52,500	75 Nos	15 drawn	15	45 00
13	25,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	8	30 00
14	25,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
15	35,000	78 Nos	16 drawn	10	30 00
16	16,312	78 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
17	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
18	33,461	75 Nos	13 drawn	10	35 00
20	26,000	78 Nos	15 drawn	8	25 00
21	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
22	30,909	78 Nos	12 drawn	10	35 00
23	20,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	5	18 00
24	15,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	4	13 00
25	60,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	20	75 00
27	30,000	75 Nos	13 drawn	8	30 00
28	17,716	78 Nos	16 drawn	5	15 00
29	25,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	10	30 00
30	18,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
31	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00

☞ Drawings forwarded to Correspondents by the first mails after the lotteries are drawn.

☞ Correspondents will please order a few days before the lotteries are drawn.

There is a large per centage in favor of those purchasers who order by the Package, and the chances of drawing four of the largest Prizes in the Scheme, are thereby secured. We advise the purchase of Packages of Tickets in every instance.

EVERY DAY OUR LUCK INCREASES!

$20,000 sent to Perry County, Tennessee; $18,000 sent to South Carolina; $15,000 sent to South Carolina; $10,000 sent to Georgia; $25,000 sent to North Carolina; $12,000 sent to Virginia; 10,596 sent to North Carolina; $13,000 sent to Alabama; $9,000 sent to Tennessee.

So we go—every day selling and paying the Prizes, and raising the poor man to a level with the rich "Nabob." Thousands who once never read a lottery advertisement, are now awakening to the importance of this beautiful system of realizing Fortunes from small outlays. How easy can the price of a Package or single Ticket be saved, "little by little," to invest in the

Maryland Lotteries!

PYFER & CO. SUB-AGENTS.

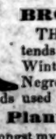
Think how pleasant it will be to have "Fortune buckled on your back," in this easy manner, and no longer hesitate to make at least one trial, at the truly Fortunate, Far-Famed and Old Established Lottery Agents and Bankers,

PYFER & CO.,

No 1. Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

December 1st, 1852. 6—

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.



BROGANS! BROGANS!

THE subscriber has now on hand and intends to keep at all times during the Fall and Winter seasons a large and good assortment of Negro Shoes, for male and female, embracing all kinds used

For Plantation and other Purposes.

Amongst my assortment of Brogans may be found the Hungarian shoe and Stitchdowns, to which I would call the attention of Farmers and others in want of a superior article for their servants. My prices shall be as low as similar goods can be bought elsewhere, and I would respectfully invite the attention of all to an examination of my stock, as I shall sell low for cash.

I have also on hand and intend constantly to keep, a large and well selected assortment of

Ladie's & Gentlemen's Boots & Shoes,

including all of the latest styles and patterns. Also,

Boys and Youths Boots and Shoes,

Misses and Children's Shoes, all kinds,

Travelling and hair Trunks, Valices, Bonnet Boxes, Carpet Bags, Satchels, Blacking, Brushes, &c. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash, by

A. J. PARTIN,

Sign of the Big Boot.

Raleigh, September 18, 1852. 88—

A Good assortment of Ladies', Misses and Children's dressed and undressed MOROCCO BOOTEES. Also a great variety of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Black and colored Prunella and lasting GAITERS. Come and supply yourselves at A. J. PARTIN'S.

Raleigh, Sign of the Big Boot.

GENTLEMEN who are desirous of good health would do well to call at A. J. Partin's and supply themselves with a pair of Cork Sole or Water-proof BOOTS, which they can purchase for a small sum of money not exceeding four dollars and fifty cents.

Raleigh, Sept. 18, 1852. 88—

JUST OPENED, a good assortment of Gents fine Calf Stitched Boots and Shoes. Also, 200 pairs business boots. A. J. PARTIN.

Raleigh, Sept. 16th, 1852. 88—

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the present Legislature to incorporate the "Manteo Mining Company."

Nov. 20, 1852. 4—

Old English Pine Apples, and Philadelphia made Cheese, just arrived at

TUCKER'S.

PLEASANT GROVE ACADEMY,

FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.

THE exercises of this School will commence on Monday, the 3rd of January next, under the charge of Mr. A. DAVIS, a gentleman of several years experience as a teacher. The Academy is situated about a half mile from the old Midway Academy, equi-distant from Louisburg and the Shocco Springs, in one of the most healthy sections of the State.

This institution is preparatory to any College the student may prefer. The rooms will be neat and comfortable and every facility afforded the students to enable them to pursue their studies. Board can be had with either of the subscribers and Mrs. Elizabeth Branch, at $7,00 per month. No extra charge for lights.

English Branches $10 per session,
Languages $15 per session.

W. J. BRANCH,
JOHN J. JONES,
THOMAS A. PERSON.
NATH'L. H. MACON.

Nov. 8, 1852. 6—4w.

WARRENTON MALE ACADEMY.

THE Trustees of the above institution are happy to inform the public that they have secured the services of Mr. WILLIAM MAGHEE, of Petersburg, Va., as Principal of the Academy. Mr. Maghee is a fine scholar, an experienced and skilful instructor of youth, and a gentleman of high character for virtue, morality and piety. He brings with him a high recommendation from men of standing and intelligence in the town of Petersburg, where he is well known. Mr. Maghee will be aided in the department of Mathematics and natural Philosophy by Mr. Algernon Batte, who has been a student at the University of Virginia, from which institution he brings sufficient testimonals of his qualifications. Mr. Batte has had the advantage of several years experience in teaching.

The next session of the institution will commence on the second Monday in January next. Board can be obtained on reasonable terms either with the Principal of the Academy or with Benjamin E. Cooke, Sr., a member of the Board of Trustees.

TERMS—$15 per session for Latin scholars; $12 50 per session for English scholars. An extra charge of $10 will be made against each student who may take lessons in natural philosophy. Each scholar will be charged one dollar during the Fall session and two dollars during the Spring session, for fuel.

W. N. EDWARDS, *Pres'nt.*

December 1st, 1852. 6—5w.

Register copy.

VALLEY ACADEMY.

THIS institution is situated in the beautiful and retired Valley of the Yadkin, seven miles north of Lenoir, county seat of Caldwell, N. C. The Spring session will commence January 5th, 1853.

Tuition in advance, for Classics, per session,	$18 00
" " English, "	$10 to 12 50
Boarding, including all expenses, "	$30 00

Pupils will be charged from the time they enter School; no deduction, however, for loss of time thereafter, except in case of protracted illness.

For further information, enquire of W. J. Bingham, Bethmont, Orange county; S. F. Patterson and E. W. Jones, Fort Defiance, or James Harper, Esq., Lenoir, N. C.

E. W. FAUCETTE, Principal.

Fort Defiance P. O., N. C.
November 26th, 1852. 5—5t.

SOUTH LOWELL MALE ACADEMY.

THE exercises of this Institution will close on Wednesday the 15th of December. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

The next Session will commence on Wednesday the 4th of January, and continue five months, under the supervision of present Principal, Mr. John Williams, a graduate of Randolph Macon College, who has proved himself to be, in every sense of the word, qualified to conduct the Institution to the entire satisfaction of all concerned. The public may rest assured that the morals of the Students will be strictly guarded, and every exertion made on the part of its managers to make South Lowell one of the safest and best Schools of the same grade in North Carolina.

Tuition paid in advance.	
Board per month,	6 50
Tuition, primary,	10 00
Higher, English,	12 50
Languages,	15 00

D. C. PARRISH, *Sec.*

November 27. 6 4w.

TAN-YARD FOR SALE.

HAVING qualified as executors of the last will and testament of H. R. Dusenbery, dec'd., we will sell at public sale, in the town of Lexington, on the 4th of January next, a large and valuable Tan-Yard, with all its stock of tools, bark and vats of Leather. Together with a house and lot on the Factory row, formerly used as a residence for the Tanner. To those acquainted with the above property, it is unnecessary to say any thing farther, but to others, we would say, that its business connections are probably as extensive, and its reputation as widely known, as that of any Tannery in the State. At the same time a very large stock of Harness, Spanish Sole, and Upper Leather, Northern Calf-Skins will be opened for sale. The whole stock of leather will be sold privately for cash or approved notes. Conditions made known on the day of sale.

JAMES DUSENBERY,
JAMES P. STIMSON,
Executors.

Lexington, Dec. 6, 1852. 6—4t.

MASONIC INSTITUTE,

Germanton, N. C.

Rev. GEORGE M. EVERHART, Principal, and Professor of Greek and Natural Science.
RUFUS R. SMITH, Professor of Latin and English.
IGNATIUS E. SHUMATE, Teacher in Mathematics.

THE next session of this Institution will open Thursday, January 6th, 1853. It is very important that those intending to enter, should be present on the first day. The several departments mentioned above will receive the special attention of those having charge of them. In the department of Natural Science weekly lectures will be delivered. The Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus is superior, and cost nearly $700. The Cabinet of Minerals and Fossils numbers 5 or 600 specimens; and the Library nearly 700 volumes of new books.

The prices of tuition are 7, 10 and $15 per session. Board is $8 per month, including fuel and washing.

All communications should be addressed to the Principal.

November 26th, 1852. 5—16thJan.

CEDAR GROVE ACADEMY.

THE spring session of this School, situated right miles north of Hillsborough, will commence on the 6th of January next, and continue twenty one weeks.

TERMS. Tuition in Latin, Greek, and the higher branches of Mathematics, $15,00
English, 10,00

Board, including washing, &c. can be had, convenient to the Academy, in the families of Messrs. David Taylor, Solomon Thompson, C. C. Pinckn and Thomas H. Hughes, for $32,50 per session. W. W. Allison, immediately at the Academy, will take boarders at $35,00 per session. SAML. W. HUGHES, Principal.

November 30th, 1852. 6—3w.

Commission Business.

THE undersigned will conduct a Foreign and Domestic Produce Commission business in the City of Petersburg, Va., under the firm of

STAINBACK & HARDEE.

Office, 3rd door West of Bollingbrook Hotel, North Side.

F. C. STAINBACK, W. H. HARDEE.

November 1st, 1852. 101—1y.

J. M. Lovejoy's Academy.

THE 23rd Session will commence on the 5th of January, 1853.

Raleigh, November 19th, 1852. 7—1y.

Greensborough MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE cost of Insurance on the mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock Company. This Company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country.

The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assesments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year:

JAMES SLOAN, *President.*
S. G. COFFIN, *Vice President.*
C. P. MENDENHALL, *Attorney.*
PETER ADAMS, *Secretary and Treasurer.*
WILLAM H. CUMMING, *General Agent.*

DIRECTORS.

James Sloan, J. A. Mebane, C. P. Mendenhall, W. S. Rankin, Rev. C. F. Deems, J. M. Garrett, Dr. D. P. Weir, W. J. McConnel, of Greensboro'; Dr. Shubal G. Coffin, J. W. Field, Jamestown; F. Elliott, Guilford; William A. Wright, Wilmington; Dr. C. Watkins, Carolina Female College; John L. Shaver, Salisbury; John H. Cook, Fayetteville; E. F. Lilly, Wadesboro'; J. J. Biggs, Raleigh; Leroy Springs, Charlotte; J. J. Jackson, Pittsboro'; H. B. Elliot, Cedar Falls.

PETER ADAMS, *Sec'y.*

December 6th, 1852. 7—

Warrenton Female Institute.

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

THE twenty-fourth semi-annual session of this Institution will commence on Monday the 3d of January next. Charges as before. Pupils are received at any time and charged from the time of entrance.

Terms $62.00 per session for Board and English tuition. Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, and Oil Painting at former rates. Vocal Music and Ornamental needle work gratis.

Circulars containing the fullest information will be sent to those applying.

GRAVES & WILCOX.

Warrenton, Dec. 2, 1852. 6—4m.

Valuable Property for Sale.

ON Thursday, the 9th December next, I shall offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, in Oxford, Granville county, my House and Lot, upon a credit of six months, with bond and security bearing interest from date.

The House is large and commodious, two stories high, containing six rooms, with 10 1-2 acres of land attached, in a high state of cultivation. All the buildings are well painted. It is near the Court-House, in a most pleasant portion of the village.

A more desirable private residence cannot be found in this part of the State.

JAMES T. LITTLEJOHN.

Oxford, Nov. 27, 1852. 948—wtf.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale that eligible and central Ware-house (4 story) with Wharf property attached (in fee) so long occupied by him. It is one of the best stands in the City for conducting a flourishing business.

Also, his dwelling house and lot situated in a very airy and healthy part of the city. The House contains nine rooms and has every convenience. The lot is 64 feet by 200 feet, and has in addition to the dwelling a large ou Kitchen, with servant's rooms above, Spring house, cistern, and well of water. The subscriber having determined to leave Norfolk, is induced to sell at a great sacrifice. Apply to

P. S. SCHLIECKES,
Norfolk, Va.

November 29th, 1852. 6—5w.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned has purchased the interest of the heirs and next of kin of Charles Kennon, deceased, formerly of Wake county, in the estate of said Charles, consisting partly of a number of negro slaves, some of whom he has now in his possession. There are others of said negroes who are passing as free. All persons are warned against harboring them, or aiding them to escape from the State, as they will be made answerable to the law, and held responsible for damages.

JOHN C. MOORE.

Raleigh, Nov. 30, 1852. 6—tf.

"STILL THEY COME."

RECEIVED this day at EVANS & COOKE'S a beautiful assortment of DeLaines, black and colored Alpaccas, English Merinos, Black Silk Cashmere Shawls, Plaid do. black and colored Braids, a few pieces silk Lace, chil. Stockings, a good assortment of men's wear, Kentucky Jeans, Satinets, black Union Cassimere, Striped Cottons Also, one case Brogans, good article.

Come take a look

At EVANS & COOKE.

No. 29, Cheap Side.

Dec. 1st, 1852. 6—

MACK MANUAL.

DANA'S Mack Manual, for Farmers, 3d edition, revised and enlarged; Book for every Farmer, Rodgor's Scientific Agriculture; Norton's elements of Scientific Agriculture; Elwood's Grain Tables, showing the value of different kinds of Grain, calculated in Federal money, of any quantity, from 1 pound to 10,000 bushels, 12mo. For sale by

H. D. TURNER.

November 29, 1852. 5—

NOTICE TO CAPITALISTS.

A CITIZEN of this State wishes to obtain, for a term of years, a loan of $10,000; interest to be punctually paid either annually or semi-annually as may be agreed upon. Security to be given that will be *perfectly satisfactory.* Any person desiring to make a safe investment of the amount named, will address "Gulick & Richardson, Goldsborough, N. C.," Publishers of the "Republican and Patriot," for further information.

Goldsborough, Nov. 27, 1852. 6—6t.

Notice.

PERSONS indebted to the late firm of W. G. & B. H. Freeman are requested to come forward and settle, as the money belonging to the firm, and which ought, in good faith, to have been applied to the payment of the firm debts, has been loaned out by Lucien Battle, Administrator of the Estate of B. H. Freeman; consequently the firm liabilities are unliquidated, due and unpaid, and further indulgence cannot be given.

WM. G. FREEMAN,
Surviving Partner.

Nashville, N. C., Dec. 1, 1852. 949—wtf.

SELECT CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

THE next session of the subscriber

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, Dec. 7th, 1852.

Mr. Clark, from the committee on Corporations, reported back a number of bills to incorporate Divisions of the Sons of Temperance, and stated that there is a general incorporation bill, for such Societies; and asked to be discharged.

Mr. Clark, from the same committee, reported back the bill to incorporate the True Brothers Society in Wilmington, with the same statement in reference thereto, as above; and asked to be discharged from further consideration thereof.

Mr. Clark, from same committee, reported back the bill in relation to the town of Lincolnton; also, the bill relating to the town of Oxford, without amendment, and asked to be discharged from further consideration thereof.

Mr. Bynum, from select committee, reported the bill back to the Senate, to authorize the business of banking, and recommended its passage.

Mr. Cunningham offered a resolution, that from and after Thursday next, the Senate hold afternoon sessions. Agreed to.

Mr. McCleese presented a memorial, which, without being read, was referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. McDowell introduced a bill providing for the payment of witnesses in the county of Brunswick.

Mr. Boyd offered a resolution, to appoint a committee of one from each House, to wait on David S. Reid, and inform him of his election as Governor of the State, for two years, from 1st day of January next. Adopted.

Mr. Murchison introduced a bill to incorporate the Upper Little River Navigation Company.

First Reading of Bills.

Bill to amend an act incorporating the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation company.

Resolution to purchase outline maps for the use of the members.

Bill to protect live Stock in Mountain ranges.

Mr. Lillington moved that a message be sent to the House with a proposition to vote for a Superintendent of Common Schools, at ½ before 12, today; which was agreed to.

Mr. Berry introduced a bill to amend the Constitution of North Carolina. [Same bill, Free Suffrage, presented by him, on Saturday, and withdrawn.]

Mr. Joyner said, under a rule of the Senate, he considered the bill out of order—it being of the same character as the one rejected a few days ago.

The Chair decided that the bill presented by the Senator from Orange, being different from the bill rejected by the Senate a few days since, it was not out of order.

Mr. Joyner appealed from the decision of the Chair, and the yeas and nays being taken, the Chair was sustained by a vote of 29 to 20.

Mr. Woodfin then moved to postpone the further consideration of the bill till Monday next 12 o'clock, which was not agreed to.

Mr. Bynum moved to postpone till Monday 11 o'clock, which was not agreed to—yeas 22, nays 27.

Mr. Lillington moved to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting the substitute.

The Chair declared the amendment out of order, the bill being on its first reading.

Mr. Lillington appealed from the decision of the Chair, and called for the yeas and nays, which resulted, yeas 27, nays 20.

Mr. Woodfin then moved to postpone till Friday next 12 o'clock, which motion did not prevail.

Question then recurring on the passage of the bill, its first reading,

Mr. Kelly asked that the bill be postponed till Friday next, 11 o'clock, and accordingly so moved, and called for the yeas and nays, which resulted, yeas 24, nays 25.

Mr. Woodfin moved to adjourn till to-morrow 10 o'clock, which was agreed to, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

TUESDAY, Dec. 7, 1852.

Mr. Saunders, from the committee on Internal Improvements, reported the bill for the union of the Greenville and Roanoke and Petersburg railroad companies, and recommended its passage.

Mr. Spruill opposed the bill and Mr. Saunders advocated its passage, and it passed—yeas 69, nays 28.

Mr. Norfleet, from the Judiciary committee, reported the bill to facilitate the recovery of debts due from non-resident debtors, and recommended its passage.

Mr. Miller moved to send a message to the Senate proposing to vote forthwith for Senator. Mr. McDugald spoke at some length in favor of the proposition, and Mr. Hill, of Caswell, rose to reply when

The Speaker announced that the hour of 11 o'clock having arrived, the special order, being the bill to establish a new county to be called Blue Ridge, would be taken up, the question being on the motion to reconsider the vote by which the amendment to strike out that portion which takes a part of Wilkes county, was adopted.

About 30 yards of memorials were presented and read.

Mr. Cook spoke against the new county, and Mr. Guynn in favor of it, but no vote was taken upon it.

A message was received from the Senate proposing to vote for Superintendent of common schools at 11½ o'clock; which was laid on the table.

Also a resolution that a committee be appointed, to consist of one from the Senate and two from the House, to wait upon Gov. Reid and inform him of his election and asertain from him at what time it will suit his convenience to appear before the two Houses and take the oath of office. Concurred in; and Messrs. Carmichael and W. E. Hill were appointed on the part of the House.

The special order, being the bill to incorporate the N. C. and Tennessee railroad company was taken up, the question being upon the amendments offered on Saturday by Mr. Avery.

Mr. Avery made an able speech in support of the bill, and a strong appeal to the members from the central and eastern portions of the State for assistance in passing it. He said that the people of the West were willing to grade the road, and only asked that the State should subscribe $8000 per mile for laying the superstructure. Western men had assisted in making appropriations for central and Eastern improvements, and they now demanded, as an act of justice, that central and Eastern men should help them, and should do so now.

He was replied to by Mr. Cotten, of Chatham, who declared his intention to oppose all new schemes of improvements in which it was proposed that the State should take stock.

The hour for taking up the Free Suffrage bill having arrived, it was postponed until 11 o'clock to-morrow.

A communication from Judge Battle, resigning his seat on the Superior Court bench and accepting the office of Supreme Court Judge, was read and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Avery made a few remarks in reply to Mr. Cotten.

Mr. Holeman moved to amend the amendment by striking out the sections giving justices of the peace power to subscribe for stock in behalf of the counties.

On motion of Mr. Fagg the further consideration of the bill was postponed until 12 o'clock to-morrow.

The unfinished business, being the bill to establish the new county of Blue Ridge, was resumed,

And the House took a recess.

EVENING SESSION, 3½ o'clock.

Mr. Williams, of Warren, moved an adjournment. Mr. Brooks called the yeas and nays, and the House refused to adjourn—yeas 7, nays 78.

Mr. Turner, of Orange, introduced a bill to authorize J. C. Turrentine to collect arrears of taxes in Orange and Alamance from 1840 to 1851.

Mr. Blow presented a memorial which, without being read, was referred to the committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Miller a memorial which was referred to committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Dortch introduced a bill to incorporate the Goldsborough Normal school in the county of Wayne. Referred to committee on Corporations.

Mr. Miller a resolution to authorize E. S. Moore, late Sheriff of Caldwell county to collect arrears of taxes. Referred to committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Waugh a bill to incorporate the Winston and Wilkesborough plankroad company. Referred to committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Reid, of Duplin, a bill to incorporate the Duplin plankroad company.

Mr. Ward a bill to prohibit free persons of color from peddling in the county of Jones.

Mr. McNeill moved to reject the bill, which did not prevail, and the bill was referred.

Mr. Erwin a bill to improve county prisons and establish houses of correction. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. McIntyre a bill to incorporate the Robeson and Richmond plankroad company. Referred to committee on Internal Improvements.

The House adjourned.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 8, 1852.

Mr. Clark, from the committee on Corporations, reported back sundry bills, for the incorporation of Divisions of the Sons of Temperance, Masonic Lodges and Academies, and stated that a general law had been passed for such institutions; and asked to be discharged from the further consideration thereof.

Mr. Thomas, from the committee on Internal Improvements, reported back the bill to incorporate the N. C. Western Rail Road Company, and asked to be discharged therefrom.

Mr. Boyd introduced a plan and bill for the apportionment of the House of Commons, which was ordered to be printed.

Mr. McMillan introduced a bill to incorporate the Jacksonville and Trent River Plank Road Company.

Mr. Gilmer offered a resolntion, providing for the payment of cost, in the case of the State, *vs.* the Raleigh and Gaston Stockholders—Suit having been dismissed and State's counsel not paid for service rendered.

Mr. Caldwell introduced a bill to incorporate the Atlantic and Tennessee and Ohio Rail Road Company. Referred to the committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Bower introduced a bill extending the time to perfect titles to land heretofore entered. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Lane introduced a bill to incorporate the Ashborough and Salisbury Plank Road Company.

Mr. Bynum introduced a bill to incorporate the Rutherfordton and Cleaveland Plank Road Company.

Mr. Thomas, from the Committee on Internal Improvements, reported a resolution to pay John R. Anderson, for Iron furnished the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road.

Mr. Thomas, from the same committee, reported back the bill to incorporate the New River Canal Company, and recommended its passage.

Mr. Thomas, from the same Committee, reported back the bill to improve the South West branch of New River, and recommended its passage.

Mr. McCleese introduced a bill to repeal an act passed in 1833–'4, in relation to fishing on Scuppernong River.

Mr. Palmer introduced a bill in favor of the Sheriff of Stanly County.

Mr. Clark introduced a bill in relation to the County Court of Edgecombe.

Free Suffrage bill was taken up, and passed by general consent, and made order of the day for Friday, 12 o'clock.

Order of the day Mr. Bynum's resolutions to abolish the Supreme Court, and to establish a Supreme Court to be composed of the Judges of the Superior Courts—ten circuits to be established, was taken up, and discussed by Mr. Bynum and Mr. Woodfin; after which they were rejected.

Mr. Brogden moved to take up the bill confirming a grant of land to B. H. Stammire; which was agreed to.

Mr. Thomas moved to postpone till Friday evening 4 o'clock. Not agreed to.

Question then being on the passage of the bill, its second reading,

Mr. Thomas addressed the Senate in opposition to the bill; but before concluding his remarks, the Speaker announced the order of the day, the bill to establish the Bank of Plymouth.

Mr. Bynum moved to postpone the bill till Monday evening, 3½ o'clock, which motion prevailed.

Mr. Thomas resumed his remarks, but, before he had done, the hour of 1½ o'clock having arrived, the Speaker announced as the order of the day for this hour, the bill appropriating money for the aid of Internal Improvements in the State. The bill was read the second time.

Mr. Steele offered an amendment, that $250,000 be appropriated for the improvement of the Pee Dee River, and $50,000 for the improvement of Lumber River.

Mr. Person offered an amendment to the amendment, that $25,000 be appropriated to the improvement of Roanoke River, between Weldon and Plymouth. Adopted.

Pending the consideration of Mr. Steele's amendment.

Mr. Bynum moved to adjourn; which was agreed to.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 8, 1852.

Mr. Dargan, from the judiciary committee, reported favorably on the bill to secure a freehold homestead Laid on the table and made the special order for 11 o'clock on Friday next.

The unfinished business, being the motion to reconsider the vote by which Mr. Cook's amendment to the bill to establish Blue Ridge county was adopted, was taken up and discussed by Messrs. Puryear, Dobson, Carmichael, and Gwynn, in favor of the county, and Mr. Cook against it.

The Judiciary bill coming up as the special order was postponed till Wednesday next.

The Free Suffrage bill was postponed till 1 o'clock to-day.

The motion to reconsider the vote by which Mr. Cook's amendment was adopted, prevailed; and the amendment was rejected.

Mr. Matthews offered to amend the bill by striking out that portion of it which attaches a portion of Stokes to Surry.

Mr. Dortch moved to postpone the bill and amendment indefinitely, which motion prevailed, yeas 54, nays 47.

On motion of Mr. Leach, his resolutions concerning the public lands were transmitted to the Senate with a request that that body concur in them.

Mr. Hill, of Caswell, from the judiciary committee, reported the engrossed bill to establish the bank of Charlotte, and recommended its passage.

Mr. Holeman offered an amendment to strike out that portion requiring a person demanding specie for the notes of said bank to swear that it is for their own purpose; and the amendment was adopted.

Mr. Adams moved to postpone the bill indefinitely.

Messrs. S. P. Hill, Black and Saunders spoke in favor of the bill.

Mr. Adams withdrew his motion to postpone, and Mr. Marshall renewed it; and the House refused to postpone—yeas 28, nays 76.

The bill then passed its 2nd reading.

Mr. Phillips, from the judiciary committee, reported favorably on the bill to incorporate the Lockville and Hillsboro' plankroad company. Laid on the table.

The Free Suffrage bill was then taken up; and Mr. Miller moved to postpone it till Wednesday next; which motion did not prevail—yeas 47, nays 62.

The question occurring on the passage of the bill on its first reading, the vote was as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Allen, Avery, Barco, Barrett, Black, Blow, Bryant, Bynum of Chatham, Bynum of Northampton, Byrd, Chesnut, Christmas, Corbett, Dobbin, Dobson, Dortch, Dunn, Durham, Ellis, Foreman, Gaither, George, Guynn, Hawkins, Herring, Hill of Caswell, Hill of Duplin, Jarvis, Lander, Long of Caswell, Love, Lyon of Orange, Lyon of Granville, Martin, Marshall, Matthews, Mills, Mooring, McDugald, McNeill, Norfleet, Pegram, Phelps, Phillips, Puryear, Reid of Duplin, Reid of Rockingham, Rives, Russel, Saunders of Wake, Sauls, Scales, Sherrill, Strange, Stubbs, Sutton, Tolson, Walton, Ward, Wheeler, Williams of Greene, Williams of Warren, Wilder and Wood—64.

NAYS—Messrs. Albertson, Alford, Amis, Brooks, Caldwell of Guilford, Carmichael, Cherry, Collins, Cook, Erwin, Eure, Furr, Godwin, Harris of Cabarrus, Holeman, Johnson, Jones, Lowry, Miller, Perry, Sanders of Johnston, Shimpock, Simons, Smith, Spruill, Stiles, Teague, Thornburgh, Tripp, Turner of Iredell, Watters, Waugh, Whitehurst, and Wiley—34.

The bill not having received the constitutional vote of three-fifths of all the members, was rejected.

Mr. Waugh moved to reconsider the vote, and Mr. Reid, of Duplin, moved to lay the motion on the table; which did not prevail.

Mr. Avery then moved to postpone the further consideration of the motion until 12 o'clock on Friday next; which prevailed—yeas 57, nays 50.

The House then took a recess.

EVENING SESSION—3½ o'clock.

Mr. Strange introduced a bill to incorporate the Mutual Marine Insurance company in the town of Wilmington. Referred to committee on Corporations.

Mr. Long, of Randolph, a bill to incorporate the town of New Salem.

Mr. Miller a bill to incorporate the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio railroad company.

Mr. Strange a bill to amend the act incorporating the Wilmington and Manchester railroad company. Referred.

Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, a bill for the vigorous prosecution of a judicious system of internal improvements in the State of North Carolina. Referred to committee on Internal Improvements and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Hill, of Caswell, a bill in regard to elections.

Also a bill in regard to the retailing of spirets in the town of Milton.

Mr. Matthews a bill to incorporate Salem Lodge, No. 36, I. O. O. F.

Mr. Phelps a resolution in favor of Samuel Kissman.

Mr. Turner, of Iredell, a resolution to authorize J. M. Lewis to erect a gate across the road free of taxes.

Mr. Russell a bill providing for the recovery of taxes of free persons of color.

Mr Wiley a resolution in favor of R. O. Britton, directing the Treasurer to pay him $800 for a slave that escaped on the Raleigh and Gaston railroad.

The bill to incorporate the Euwharrie and Yadkin plankroad company was read a third time and passed,

And the House adjourned.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, Dec. 9, 1852.

Mr. Caldwell introduced the petition of W. Davidson, of Mecklenburg county; which was referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Drake, from the committee on Claims, reported back the bill in favor of G. W. Scarborough.

Mr. Lane offered a resolution, that the committee on Education be instructed to enquire "whether, if any, and what additional legislation is necessary in regard to the mode of distributing the School Fund."

Mr. Boyd moved to take up the bill to lay off the State into fifty Senatorial Districts. Agreed to; and the bill was read and passed its first reading.

Bill introduced to incorporate the Suffolk and Gatesville Railroad company.

A message was received from the House of Commons, proposing to raise a joint committee on the part of the two Houses, to whom shall referred the report of the Lunatic Asylum. Agreed to.

Mr. Cowper, from the committee on Finance, reported a bill to refund to the Treasury certain monies and for other purposes, as a substitute for the Resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Drake, which was read and passed.

Mr. Barrow introduced a bill to incorporate the town of Winston.

The unfinished business of yesterday being the order of the day, the question recurring on the amendment of Mr. Steele, to make appropriations for Pee Dee and Lumberton Rivers—the amendment was amended by striking out the appropriation for Pee Dee.

A number of amendments were then proposed, pending which,

Mr. Cannady moved to postpone indefinitely the bill and amendments; and on this motion called for the yeas and nays.

Mr. Woodfin, before the vote to postpone was taken, addressed the Senate in defence of the bill, occupying, in so doing, two hours.

Mr. Cannady withdrew his motion to postpone indefinitely, and, on motion of Mr. Gilmer, the further consideration of the bill was postponed til Friday evening, 3½ o'clock.

Bill to confirm a grant of land to B. H. Stammire was taken up, being the unfinished business of yesterday; and, on motion of Mr. Caldwell, laid on the table.

Bill in relation to Executors and Administrators was taken up, amended, and rejected.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, Dec. 9th, 1852.

The bill to incorporate the Locksville and Hillsborough plankroad company passed its 2d reading.

Mr. Martin moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill to establish Blue Ridge county was indefinitely postponed; and the motion was laid on the table.

Mr. Spruill, from Judiciary committee, reported adversely on the bill to prevent the fraudulent conveyance of property; and it was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Dobbin offered a resolution to send message to the Senate proposing to raise a joint select committee of five from the House and four from the Senate to which shall be referred the report of the commissioners of the lunatic asylum. Adopted.

Mr. Saunders, from the Judiciary committee, reported the bill to amend chapter 37 of Revised Statutes, concerning deeds and grants. Passed 2d reading and ordered to be printed.

Also the bill to prevent the imitation of coin, with a substitute. [The substitnte makes it penal to issue any kind of coin, and is intended to prevent the issuing of gold coin by any individual, as by Bechtler, at Rutherfordton.]

Mr. Saunders spoke in favor of the substitute and was replied to by Mr. Webb. Before he concluded

The Speaker announced that the hour had arrived for taking up the special order, being the bill to ascertain the will of the people as to the call of a Convention, which was read a second time.

Mr. Leach spoke in favor of the bill, and Mr. Hill, of Duplin, against it. Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, spoke in favor of the bill, and without concluding had to give way to the special order, being the bill introduced by Mr. Reid, of Duplin, for dividing the State into 50 Senatorial districts.

The bill was read the 2nd time, and

Mr. McIntyre moved to amend by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting the bill introduced by him a few days ago.

On motion af Mr. Amis the further consideration of the bill was postponed and made the special order for next Tuesday at 11 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Cherry the Convention bill was postponed and made the special order of the day for Tuesday next at 1 o'clock.

The unfinished business, being the bill to prevent imitations of coin, was resumed.

Mr. Mills, of Rutherford, spoke against that portion of the bill which prohibits private coining, and defended the private mint at Rutherfordton.

Mr. Wheeler spoke in favor of the bill, and Mr. Lander against it.

Mr. Erwin spoke in favor of the bill, and moved to lay it on the table to enable him to prepare an amendment to the substitute, and the motion prevailed.

A message was received from the Senate concurring in the proposition to raise a committee on the Lunatic Asylum. House part of committee, Messrs. Dobbin, Amis, Johnson, Strange and Erwin.

Mr. McDugald, from the Judiciary committee, reported the bill to restrict the duties of grand jurors in Bladen county; and it was laid on the table.

Mr. Saunders, from same committee, reported the bill concerning the official bonds of Sheriffs, coroners and constables; and it passed its second reading.

Also the bill to expedate trials and avoid expentees in punishing petty offences, with a recommendation that it do not pass.

Messrs. Saunders and S. P. Hill opposed the bill, contending that it was unconstitutional. Messrs. Munday and D. F. Caldwell advocated its passage. Mr. Philips opposed the bill, but believed it constitutional; and it was rejected—yeas 30, nays 74.

Mr. Saunders, from the same committee, reported adversely on the bill to restrict the duties of grand Jurors, [the free fighting bill,] and it was rejected—yeas 16, nays 85.

Mr. Cook moved that the House adjourn until to-morrow morning; but the hour of 2 o'clock having arrived the Speaker announced that the House would take a recess.

Mr. Erwin, of McDowell, requests the reporter to say that he was detained from the House the latter part of last week and until Wednesday of this week, by indisposition. This accounts for his name not appearing in the votes for the different officers.

EVENING SESSION, 3½ o'clock.

The proceedings of the evening session were unimportant. Several engrossed bills from the Senate passed their first reading; and several amendments proposed by the Senate to engrossed bills from the House were concurred in. A bill was introduced to re-arrange the Congressional Districts of the State, which was ordered to be printed.

REMARKS OF MR. WHEELER,

OF LINCOLN,

In the House of Commons, on Tuesday the 30th November, 1852, on the Senate Bill to repeal the County of Jackson:

Mr. Wheeler said that this was a question of importance. It was one that required much deliberation. He regretted that from the present peculiar condition of the House this morning that the period was not favorable to deliberation, from "the buzz and bustle of the battle" for Senator, and the exciting subject now on debate in the other wing of the Capitol, (on free suffrage) it was hardly to be hoped that any Speaker, however interesting, could be listened to on any subject, however important.

But he had endeavored to investigate this question, and bring all the powers of his mind to its examination. To his mind it involved important principles, deeply connected with the prosperity, peace and happiness of the State. It was unwise in policy, unsafe in practice, and fatal and destructive in its consequences.

The state of the case is simply this: on the 29th of January, 1851, an act was ratified by the General Assembly, entitled "an act to *establish* a new county by the name of Jackson out of portions of Haywood and Macon." The closing lines of that act are—"the same is hereby erected into a separate and distinct county by the name of Jackson, with all the rights, privileges and immunities that other counties have and enjoy." (Acts of 1850–'51, page 97.)

The bill now before us, from the Senate, repeals this act.

Both by the act and the bill, it must be conceded that such a county as Jackson is fixed, for establish means to fix or settle. Commencing the argument with this postulate, what reason or policy of state demands the repeal?

The gentleman from Bertie (Mr. Cherry) states that this county has not the *requisite ratio* of population? What ratio or amount of population? The 120th part of the State, since there are 120 members in this House. The whole population 753,505 divided by 120, gives 6,279 as the ratio.

If the question before us was the erection of a county, this might be argued as safe in practice and sound in policy; but this county is *established*. But this objection cannot be urged against Jackson, for if it is sound and just, there are eighteen counties in the State deficient in this ratio, and much more deficient than is the present case. Let us examine the facts and figures:

1	Alexander	has a population of		5,003
2	Brunswick	"	"	5,951
3	Caldwell	"	"	5,836
4	Camden	"	"	5,174
5	Chowan	"	"	5,952
6	Carteret	"	"	6,257
7	Columbus	"	"	5,308
8	Currituck	"	"	6,257
9	Greene	"	"	5,321
10	Jones	"	"	3,935
11	Lenoir	"	"	6,189
12	McDowell	"	"	5,741
13	Macon	"	"	6,169
14	Montgomery	"	"	6,162
15	Perquimons	"	"	6,030
16	Tyrrell	"	"	4,452
17	Washington	"	"	4,780
18	Watauga	"	"	3,348

Of these eighteen counties, thirteen are *East* of Raleigh. It is conceded that this county has a larger population than had Haywood or Cherokee when erected, which have now a population above the ratio. But this rule has never been laid down as a line of policy, either in the United States Government, or our State Government.

Arkansas was admitted as a State in the Union in June, 1836. The ratio required in that decade was 47,700. She had not that amount of population. Yet she was admitted and had two Senators, equal with New York or Pennsylvania, and one representative in the House. Florida was admitted as a State in March, 1844, when she had not the ratio of population entitling her to a representative; and even now, under the last seventh census she has a federal population of 71,650 white, while the ratio of representation under this decade is 93,709. Yet she has two Senators and a member in the House. Delaware has not the ratio. So we see that the rule, as claimed, does not prevail in the Federal Government. Nor does it in the history of our Legislature upon this point.

[Mr. Cherry here asked if counties recognised as such by the Constitution, amended in 1835, were not to be regarded as fixed, and not liable to be repealed.]

No, Sir. The constitution amended in 1835 expressly contemplates that counties may be erected not having the ratio, as counties were recognized in that constitution which had not the ratio—but being recognised in that constitution, as counties, does not in the opinion of the Supreme Court in case of Mills vs. Williams (XI Iredell) prevent their repeal, for there the Court held that the General Assembly had unlimited power over the matter, and can repeal, divide and consolidate counties at their discretion.

But to return to the point. The rule as claimed has never been practiced in the legislature of our State. It has been urged that in the Convention of 1835, a *compromise* was made, by which it was solemnly agreed that no new county should be erected, not having the ratio of 120th part of the entire population of the State. I shall be very happy to see the record of this compromise. Compromises are the order of the present day, and when made should be faithfully kept.

But if the matter is examined, it will be seen by the debates that this very question was before the Convention in 1835, (page 161) and that Mr. Gaston (an Eastern member) and whose name and services are inscribed on the pages of his country' glory, stated that "from the information which the members from Macon had laid before the Convention, it was seen that it became necessary to make some provision in their case." Mr. Gwinn from Macon, had stated "that the land in his county was principally owned by Indians, that in a few years it would become the property of the citizens, the county would become more wealthy and populous, and would expect to have a larger representation in the councils of the State. (See debates in Convention of 1835, page 159.) Counties then, as now, existed not having the ratio, and counties were expected to be erected not having the ratio—for the Constitution expressly declare that "each county shall have one member in the House of Commons, although it may not have the requisite ratio of population." (Sec. 1, art 31.)

As before stated, this county has a larger population now, than Haywood or Cherokee when erected, and from the advantages of having convenient and compact counties the population of these have increased fifty per cent. Its territory is larger than that of Halifax, and as large as *the State* of Edgecombe. When the Cherokee lands are sold the population will treble. The railroad from Charleston to Chatanooga in Tennessee passes through Macon county. The turnpike Road from the Georgia line to Salisbury passes through Jackson county from west to east. The North Carolina and Tennessee railroad, when extended, as proposed by the bill now before this House, will pass near this county, and its beautiful vallies will resound with the bound of that iron horse, so beautifully alluded by my friend from Cumberland (Mr. Dobbin,) in debate of this week "whose warm breath would melt the icy difficulties as he dashed through these mountain defiles." That this House has the power to repeal this act, and thus abolish this county, is not denied by me. The highest legal tribunal in our State, the Supreme Court, in the case of Mills vs Williams (in XI Iredell) settles the point. This extraordinary power by this extraordinary decision rests with us. The great poet of our language, the artist, who Garrick has told us, painted nature so true, that his pencil was dipped in the colors of the human heart, has said, that "it is excellent to have a giant's strength, but it is tyrannous to use it as a giant." I have no disposition, if I had the talent, to controvert the decision of our Supreme Court. I bow to the majesty of the law, for I was early taught by a great sage of the profession to reverence the science of the Law—for he told me that "her seat was the bosom of God, and her voice was the harmony of the world." With Percy I believe that "it is for the Divines to convert by faith; it is for the soldier to overcome by force; and the politician to circumvert by art and intrigue. But to the LAW, it especially belongs to prevail over men by reasons which their judgment comprehends, their courage does not disdain, and which their honesty must revere." In an evil hour, Polk county, by the Legislature in 1846, was repealed. The will of the people was violated, and their rights were outraged. The deed was done, but not one of the men who were here in 1846, from Rutherford county has ever been allowed by the voice of the people to darken the doors of the State House since. To represent an honest people is not a difficult task. It requires only to know clearly their will and to carry that will out, with a clear head and honest heart. They know and respect a faithful representative. If unbiased by selfish considerations, unseduced by blanishment, the representative faithfully reflects their will his return home is a return of joy. The well known voice of the people will welcome the good and faithful servant, and he will receive in addition to approval of his own conscience, this proudest plaudit of earthly praise. But if on an important question that representative has deceived his constituents and betrayed his trust, how can he look the honest man in the face, whose rights he has forfeited? Shame will sit on his brow and heaviness on his heart. The very honors that he may have worn only degrade him, and press him down with tenfold power to the vile dust which he degrades while he treads upon it, and he falls

"——— like Lucifer,
Never to rise again."

The General Assembly in 1846 blotted from your statute book, the county bearing the time-honored name of Polk—the name of the only native son of North Carolina, who had been honored with the Supreme Executive authority. We have been too near the Colossus to admire its beautiful proportions. But when the mists of party have been dispersed by the sun of truth, and the calm verdict of posterity rendered, the name, thus blotted out, will add lustre to the brigheat page of your nation's history.

And now it is proposed to blot out the

"Clarum et venerabile nomen,"

of Jackson, whose name has been written with his iron hand "high on the cliffs of fame," whose name has been inscribed by the prowess of his arm on the hacked, broken armour of his country's invaders, and heard amid the thunders of triumphant battles. Even now when his venerable form lies beneath the clods of the valley, is the talisman that rallies our party still to political conflicts, and leads to glorious victory. Can you do this? By the act establishing Jackson you have solemnly given the plighted faith in all the forms of law to this people, and they possess, under this faith, the conveniences and security of a county.

Character is as essential to a State as to individuals. Your word has passed. It stands on your statute books, it is inscribed on your maps. Will you repudiate your word of honor? Will you tarnish the fame of a State, proverbial for her fidelity, and as unstained and as pure as the snow upon the top of her mountains? When I heard the other day, my friend from Orange (Mr. Turner) speak "in words that breathed and thoughts that burned" on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad bill, on the high character of our State, I honored him for such noble sentiments. I felt my blood flow in more generous currents at such noble sentiments. I felt, if not of my particular party, that he was my brother. The fair fame of North Carolina is like the Bayard of old, *Sans peur, Sans reproche*. Will you stain this fair escutcheon?

The people with joy felt that you had redressed their grievances and gave them a county. Will you turn this joy into sorrow, and violate the faith, honor and word of the State? Will you disappoint and deceive, and "keep the promise to the ear and break it to the hope"?

I appeal to my eastern friends. I was borne, nurtured, and have represented the East in this House, many years ago. I know and live among the people of the West; they have stood by the East on the vital questions of the compromises of the federal basis of representation, against their interests and their section. Can you expect them to stand up to your *compromises* when you violate your *plighted word*?

If it be a fixed rule that all counties shall be repealed who have not the ratio, how do we stand, and where shall we stop? Into what a wild vortex of anarchy do we rush! What a chaos of uncertainty do we create! I have shown that there are eighteen counties in the State deficient in this ratio. Of them thirteen are east of Raleigh.

I appeal to my Albemarle friends to look into this. I appeal to my Cape Fear friends to arrest this impending danger. This county is the offspring of Cape Fear. In 1739 when the Lords Proprietors surrendered all their franchises acquired under the charter of Charles the 2d to the English crown, except Lord Granville, this State had three precincts or counties:

1st, the Albemarle; 2nd, Bath; 3d, Clarendon. The Albemarle is now nearly as it was then; from Bath sprang Craven, Johnston, &c., and from Clarendon sprang New Hanover in 1729; from New Hanover sprang Bladen in 1734; from Bladen, Anson in 1749; from Anson, Rowan in 1753; from Rowan, Burke in 1777; from Burke, Buncombe in 1791; from Buncombe, Haywood in 1808; from Haywood, Macon in 1828; from the two last sprang Jackson in 1850. Therefore she is the offspring of Cape Fear. She can say that "we, too, are of the seed of Abraham." In the feebleness of infancy and innocence, away off, in the mountains, she imploringly calls upon her natural parents for succor and support. Will you deny aid to your own suffering offspring? When your youngest born prays and beseeches you, or bread will you act so unnatural as to give it a stone?—when it prays for a fish will you give it a serpent? I know that the feelings of humanity forbid such unnatural conduct.

I appeal to my friends from Cumberland. Will they not support their own child, or will they prefer to make this day as fatal as another Culloden, when "the bloody Duke," from whence she derives her name, triumphed over the fallen fortunes of their forefathers, and realize, in fact, the imagination of the poet,

"Proud CUMBERLAND prances insulting the slain,
And their hoof beaten bosoms are trod to the plain."

I appeal to Brunswick, the county that in the days of '76, like the mother of the Gracchi, gave up her proudest jewels to her country and to liberty; when her Howe and her Moore gave their blood and treasure to the cause of suffering America. Will the member from Brunswick stand by and see this county immolated and sacrificed? I appeal to Chowan, the ancient seat of government of the royal rule of England, the land of Johnston, and Iredell, and of Williamson, the historian of the State, whose name her present honorable member so worthily preserves, and as worthily I trust will perpetuate.

The earliest records of our courts extant are in his county. Will he vote to set this precedent, since his county is like Jackson, deficient in the ratio, and if asked for the act establishing Chowan, he cannot show it; will he vote to see those ancient records scattered to the winds, and blot out counties established by law but deficient in ratio? I ask the member from Currituck, from Roanoke Island, the spot on which rested in 1584 the first Anglo Saxon anchor in these United States, where the first child of English parents was born in this republic, the cradle in which was rocked this infant empire, whose gigantic limbs now stretch from the Atlantic to the Pacific—will he aid in this ungenerous and unjust sacrifice?

I appeal to Jones, "the Diamond of the Desert," will her member, knowing that she is in the same category as Jackson, alike deficient in population, vote to abolish a county only because it is deficient in population?

I appeal, too, to Tyrrell, for she, too, is deficient; one of the oldest counties in the State, the home of that early marytr of liberty, Col. Richard Buncombe, whose name *the West* has preserved from oblivion; will her member sustain so severe a fate?

And I appeal to Washington; that county is, too, deficient. Will her member vote to set a precedent by which the name of the father of his country, "he who was first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen," may be expunged from our records? Justice forbids, mercy forbids, and humanity condemns such a decision. The people of this section appeal (and I trust they do not appeal in vain) to the justice and plighted faith of this House. A more gallant race, and more devoted to the honor of North Carolina breathes not within her domain. They have evinced their patriotism in days long gone by; in the dark and doleful period of your country's troubles, when the liberties of your nation had been cloven down by the iron heel of depotism, when on the fatal fields of Camden, in August, 1780, our army had been defeated and disbanded, when "the meteor flag of England" floated in triumph over Savannah and Charleston, and Lord Cornwallis had undisputed possession of Charlotte, when the timid had despaired and took royal protection, it was to the mountain recesses of this very section that the bold and brave retreated for safety and for succor. But the brave mountaineers never despaired; under the lead of the gallant Shelby and Sevier they rallied, and, like the mountain torrent, marched madly on the foe, encamped on the heights of King's mountain, and without any aid from their country, without any summons from any officer, but of their own choice, they marched all night through a drenching rain, attacked and killed Ferguson, the commander of the British, and many others, and took his whole force prisoners of war. This was the first battle that turned the tide of war in the South, and the happy presage of that liberty we now enjoy. The same spirit still is alive among these people, and evinced itself when the member now before me from Buncombe (Col. Fagg) led them to the fields of Mexico—ready and willing to die for their country. The rights and welfare of such a people are not to be disregarded.

An enthusiastic writer on France, in his patriotic fervor has said of his nation, "that he who has not seen Paris has seen nothing." So, I say, the North Carolinian who has not seen the bright and beautiful scenery of her mountains has yet to see the loveliest portion of the globe that the eye of man has ever rested upon. Let one travel on the excellent turnpike from Asheville to the Warm Springs, and view the pure and pellucid waters of the French Broad river, dashing in graceful undulations on the one side of him, and on the other the broad, bold and majestic mountains rearing their granite heads into eternal summer, he will gaze on a landscape unparalleled in beauty, and before which the famed enchantments of the Rhine, and the proud pallisades of the Hudson shrink into insignificance. Nor does the chivalry of her sons or the beauties of her scenery finish the picture of Western Carolina:

"There's music in the winter blast
That sweeps thy hollow glen,
Less sturdy sons would shrink aghast
From piercing winds such as thou hast
To nurse thine iron men.
And thou hast gems, aye, living pearls,
And flowers of brightest hue,
Thy loveliest are thy bright-eyed girls,
Of fairy forms and elfin curls,
And smiles like Hermon's dew!"

Yes, and they, too, are willing to discharge all their duty to their country and their country's honor.

I have now exhausted my subject. I have shown that there is no reason why this ungenerous outrage should be committed—that the plighted faith of the State should be violated—that the hopes, the interests and welfare of so large a portion of our State should be disappointed and prostrated.

[Our proceedings will show that the debate was further continued by Messrs. Avery, Cherry, Dargan, Webb, and Caldwell of Guilford, and the bill from the Senate was defeated by a vote of 69 to 36, and an amendment of Mr. Love's, of Haywood, passing, a supplemental bill giving full organization to Jackson was adopted by a similar decided majority.]—ED. STAR.

Nebraska Territory, of which it is proposed to form a new territory, extends from the fortieth degree of north latitude to the forty-third, and from the Missouri river to the Rocky Mountains, and includes an area of 180,000 square miles. Most of it is located between the same parallels of latitude as the State of Iowa. The Platte river runs through the centre. Already there are some white settlements in the territory, the principal being at Bellevue, Great Nemahaw Agency, Delaware crossing, Fort Leavenworth, and St. Mary's Mission, which towns have just chosen a delegate to Congress. The soil of this territory is said to be generally rich, alluvial, and much of the country is capable of immediate occupation.

DISMAL SWAMP CANAL. The treasurer of Virginia has received a check for $11,400, it being a six per cent. dividend on the amount of stock in which that State is interested in the Dismal Swamp Canal. There is, likewise, a larger amount payable to the United States Treasur

THE STANDARD.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, NOV. 11, 1852.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Both Houses are now holding evening sessions, and there appears to be a determination to despatch the public business as rapidly as practicable.

No final action has yet been had on the Congressional and Senatorial Districts.

The two Houses have not voted for Senator for several days past, on account of the sickness and absence of members.

See proceedings.

FREE SUFFRAGE.

On Friday the 3d of December, 1852, the Free Suffrage bill was rejected in the Senate of North Carolina, twenty-seven Democrats and six Whigs voting for it, (thirty-four votes, two-thirds of the Senate being necessary to pass it,) and the following Whigs against it:

Messrs. Albright, Bynum, Cowper, Gilmer, T. F. Jones, Joyner, Kelly, Lane, McCleese, Mitchell, Palmer, Parks, Richardson, Thompson and Woodfin.

The Speaker of the Senate, Mr. Edwards, a Democrat, declined to vote. He might have passed the bill; and either one of the above-named Whigs might have done the same. The responsibility rests, therefore, on these sixteen Senators.

And in the House, on Wednesday last, the Free Suffrage bill having been offered again, and put upon its first reading for a three-fifths vote, it was rejected, the following Whigs voting against it:

Messrs. Albertson, Alford, Amis, Brooks, Caldwell of Guilford, Carmichael, Cherry, Collins, Cook, Erwin, Eure, Furr, Godwin, Harris of Cabarrus, Holeman, Johnson, Jones, Lowry, Miller, Perry, Sanders of Johnston, Shimpock, Simons, Smith, Spruill, Stiles, Teague, Thornburgh, Tripp, Turner of Iredell, Watters, Waugh, Whitehurst, and Wiley.

Mr. Waugh voted in the negative in order to obtain the right to move to reconsider; which he did, and the bill will again come up for action to-day, Friday.

Seventy-two votes are required to pass the bill, being three-fifths of the whole number of members. The same bill is also pending in the Senate.

In order that our readers may clearly understand the matter, we will repeat again the condition in which the question stands: The Free Suffrage bill, which was expected to be passed this session, required a two-thirds vote; and that bill has been defeated in the Senate. Had it passed, the people would have voted directly on the question at the polls; but having failed, the bill has been again started in the Commons and Senate. If it should pass this session by the three-fifths vote, it will then stand for a two-thirds vote in the next Assembly; but if it should fail, the measure will have been thrown back four years—that is, it will require two sessions of the Assembly to perfect it and submit it to the people.

Messrs. Eure, Alford, Godwin, Simons, Stiles, and Watters, who voted *for* the bill on its passage through the Commons on the 19th of last month, voted *against* it on Wednesday last. Several members were absent on the last vote, and some of the Whigs declined to vote. Ten Whigs voted for the bill on Wednesday last, and fifty-four Democrats.

We are determined that the people of the State shall know the men who are opposed to this fundamental principle of free government; and hence we have spread out the names. *There they are!* Such a vote—a vote against making free white men equal at the ballot-box—would look much better on the journals of the British or Canadian Parliament than it does here, in republican North Carolina.

We hope the constituents of these men will file this article away for future use. The struggle for this great measure will never cease until it triumphs; and the longer it is delayed the more profound and overwhelming will be the popular indignation against its opponents. Indeed, the people would be untrue to themselves and to their posterity, if they should fail to call to a reckoning and to repudiate, now and hereafter, those who have thus trampled down a great principle and defied their will.

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.

The Directors of this Road met in this City on Wednesday last.

We learn that the certificate of the Treasurer of the Company was laid before the Board of Internal Improvements, showing that the subscribers to the work had paid in $513,845, something more than the amount required by the charter; whereupon the Board subscribed, on the part of the State, two millions of dollars. Five hundred thousand dollars are, therefore, now due by the State on her subscription; but we learn that only one hundred thousand dollars will be asked for at this time, and the Legislature will be applied to to appropriate this sum immediately from the Treasury, so as to give the Treasurer time to dispose of State bonds—the amount thus appropriated to be refunded, of course, to the Treasury as soon as the bonds are sold.

☞ Our City has been crowded this week by persons from a distance, drawn thither by the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Masons, the meeting of the Directors of the Central Railroad, and the Legislature. We learn that the attendance on the Grand Lodge is quite full, and that a spirit of concord prevails in its deliberations.

☞ The Fayetteville Carolinian says that the project of constructing a Rail Road from that place to the coal mines on Deep River, has been the subject of much conversation lately. The distance is 45 miles, and it is estimated that the Road could be built for $450,000.

☞ Our Correspondents will perceive the pressure on our columns of the legislative proceedings. We hope they will bear with us. Their favors shall have attention at the earliest mom ent possible.

CONGRESS.

At half past 12 o'clock on Monday last, the *Senate of the United States*, pursuant to the Constitution, assembled in their chamber in the city of Washington, and were called to order by the President *pro tempore*, WILLIAM R. KING, Esq., of Alabama.

The following Senators were present: Messrs. Adams, Atchison, Bayard, Borland, Bradbury, Bright, Brodhead, Brooke, Cass, Chase, Clarke, Clemens, Cooper, Davis, Dawson, Dodge of Wisconsin, Dodge of Iowa, Douglas, Downs, Felch, Fish, Foot, Geyer, Gwin, Hamlin, James, Jones of Tennessee, King, Mangum, Mason, Meriwether, Miller, Morton, Pratt, Rusk, Seward, Shields, Smith, Spruance, Stockton, Sumner, Toucey, Upham, Wade, Weller.

Mr. Bright presented the credentials of Charles W. Cathcart, Senator appointed by the Governor of Indiana, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of James Whitcomb, Esq. Mr. C. appeared and was sworn.

Mr. Jones of Tennessee, presenred the credentials of the Hon. Archibald Dixon, senator elected by the legislature of Kentucky, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon. Henry Clay; which were read.

Mr. Gwin objected to the gentleman being sworn, on the ground that the Governor of Kentucky had filled the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Clay, by the appointment of Mr. Meriwether; which appointment, by the Constitution, was good till the next meeting of the Legislature of Kentucky.

A debate then sprung up on the subject, in which Mr. Jones, Mr. Cooper, Mr. Mangum, and Mr. Weller took part. Mr. Mangum referred to politics and the result of the late election. He said:

"But we were in strange times. After the recent political revolution nothing should be surprising. We see at this day men from all quarters, with principles of every hue and shape, joining in harmonious action. This, doubtless, was gratifying to philosopers. Its equal could not be found except, perhaps, in the case mentioned by Stransbury in his report of the Salt Lake region, where he states the prairie dog, the owl and the rattle snake lived in perfect harmony together. He undertook, however, to predict that in less than twenty months the rattle snake of the South will strike his fangs into the prairie dogs of the North, while the owl of the West will also come in for a blow.

Mr. Weller said he was an actor in the New Jersey case in the House, and never before heard it had been universally denounced.

Mr. Mangum said the election of 1840 followed that case. It was one of the many enormities charged upon Mr. Van Buren, who was now one of the family of prairie dogs, owls and rattlesnakes.

Mr. Weller said it was news to him that the action of the House on the New Jersey case was a cause for the overthrow of Mr. Van Buren in 1840. The Senator's party during the late election attempted a system of humbuggery; and were signally defeated, and he thought the Senator ought to take it in better part. The Senator from North Carolina was about to go into retirement, where he hoped, he would have time to repent of his past political errors. The Senator was not too old to repent—'For while the lamp of life holds out to burn, the vilest sinner may return.'"—[Laughter.]

The subject was then postponed, and the Message of the President received and read.

In the *House of Representatives* the Speaker took the Chair at 12 o'clock, and called the members to order. One hundred and eighty-three members answered to their names. Present from this State: Messrs. Clingman, Dockery, Morehead, Venable, Daniel, Ashe, Stanly, and Outlaw.

The President's Message was received and read. Mr. Lane offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Territories to enquire into the expediency of forming a Territory by a division of Oregon, and giving it the name of Columbia; and Mr. Hall gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill to establish the Territorial government of Platte.

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of this institution held at the College on Tuesday last the Rev. John B. White, A. M. was *unanimously* re-elected President of the College.

The Rev. J. J. Brantly, of South Carolina, who had been elected upon the resignation of President White, having declined, at the earnest solicitation of the Board the latter was induced to decline the appointment conferred on him by a literary institution in the State of Tennessee, and resume his former station at Wake Forest.

An appropriation having been made for that purpose, President White will repair to the North in a few days for the purpose of procuring additional apparatus for Philosophical and Chemical purposes; and it is the intention of the Board as early as practicable to have a Professorship of Chemistry, &c., as connected with Agriculture for the said institution.

☞ The Goldsborough Republican and Patriot, speaking of the Central Railroad says: "It is stated that upwards of $600,000 worth of work has been done upon the line the present year. The grading of the road is in a very rapid state of progress, and every effort is being made to push the work to a speedy completion. One thousand tons of iron for the Division from Goldsborough to Raleigh have already been shipped, and will be delivered at Wilmington about the 1st of January. The laying of the track will probably commence soon after the beginning of February, and within the next twelve months the whole line from this point to Raleigh is expected to be in operation."

☞ We learn that the wife of Parker Perry, of this County, who resides about five miles from this place, was found on Thursday last, in a well near the dwelling-house, dead, and bearing such marks as to leave little if any doubt that she was murdered. We forbear further comment at present, as the matter will undergo judicial investigation.

☞ Prof. Pennington, whose Card appears in another column, has been demonstrating the science of mental alchemy, as it is called, in this City, for some days past. He appears to be most successful in his experiments. He speaks well, and has drawn large and respectable audiences. Mr. Pennington is a native of this County.

☞ On Thursday last, the citizens of Richmond voted, by a considerable majority, in favor of subscribing $50,000 to the Richmond and Danville railroad.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

We are indebted to the Baltimore Sun for the following synopsis of President Fillmore's Message:

"The document opens with an appropriate allusion to the late Presidential election; adverts to the beneficence of the Deity, in the protection and provision we enjoy at His hands; and then touches briefly upon the demise of Daniel Webster, filling at the time the office of Secretary of State.

Our foreign relations constitute the next topic of remark. The fishing difficulty is explained, as it has been already understood by the public; and further negotiation suggested as desirable to a final and more liberal arrangement with Great Britain. The Cuban exploit, under the patronage of the Captain General is referred to, and the fact stated that "his refusal to allow passengers and the mail to be landed in certain cases, made the subject of a serious remonstrance at Madrid." This we expected, notwithstanding the extraordinary effort of a considerable portion of the administration presses to justify the high-handed proceedings of the Cuban authorities. From the tone of this part of the message, we presume that the action of the government will prove to have been almost parallel with the sentiments expressed by the Sun.

Overtures have been made by France and England for a tripartite convention, of which the United States was to be the third party, in virtue of which the three powers were to disclaim all intention to obtain possession of the Island of Cuba. The proposal was very properly declined. At the same time an intimation was given that our government would regard its incorporation with our Union, at the present time, as fraught with peril.

The Tehuantepec and Nicaragua affars are referred to, but nothing new has transpired.

Some claims of American citizens have been acknowledged by Venezuela, and it is hoped that provision will be made for their payment. Recent events in Buenos Ayres have induced negotiations on the part of Great Britain, France and the United States, with a view of treaties of commerce, which will open to the enterprise of the United States, if concluded, a rich and extensive territory. A treaty of commerce has been concluded with Uruguay.

The Lobos Island affair, in which the mistake of Mr. Webster forms so prominent a feature, is adroitly white-washed by the President. The rights of Peru are fully acknowledged.

The Japan expedition is favorably presented to the observation of Congress and the country, and the good offices of the King of the Netherlands suitably acknowledged. The expedition is to go with *power to remonstrate* as well as to plead.

The overburdened condition of the State Department is spoken of, and the propriety of adopting some measures for its relief, under the growth of the country, suggested.

The state of the Treasury is as follows:

The cash receipts for the fiscal year ending the 30th June were $49,728,386 89. Expenditures for the same period, $46,007,896 20, of which $9,455,815 83 was on account of public debt, including the last instalment to Mexico. Since that period $2,456,547 49 has been further applied to the redemption of the public debt; and it is designed to continue so to apply the surplus, under favorable circumstances as to price.

The importations have amounted to	$207,240,101
Of which there was in specie	5,262,643
The exports for the same period were	209,573,222
Of which, domestic products	$149,861,911
Foreign merchandise	17,204,026
Specie	42,507,285—$209,273,222

The President favors us with a very plausible dissertation on the doctrine of protection; and some judicious remarks upon *ad valorem* duties under foreign valuations, or invoice prices.

Indian affairs are referred to the report of the Secretary.

A general emigration of the Florida Indians, under a treaty recently signed by Billy Bowlegs, is expected at an early day.

Within the last year, 9,522,953 acres of public land have been surveyed, and 8,032,463 acres brought into market. In the last fiscal year 1,553,071 acres have been sold; and 3,316,996 located with bounty land warrants and other certificates.

An analytical digest of patents, with the publication of the same, is recommended. Reference is made to the present state of the Mexican boundary commission, and legislation asked for its relief. Sundry measures are recommended for the District of Columbia.

The difficulty attending the maintenance of order and the protection of our people on the Mexican frontier, is spoken of. The inconvience in the disposal of the Texas Indians for the want of an assignment of territory by Texas to their use, is a subject of remark. The matter of fortifications is pressed upon the attention of Congress.

The President is gratulatory upon the appropriations for rivers and harbors, and trusts that the policy will be judiciously continued.

The prosperous condition of the Navy Department is adverted to with proper spirit, and the several enterprises in progress of development mentioned with particular approval. They seem to us exceedingly well conceived for useful results.

The exploration of the Amazon has furnished a variety of interesting and important data, with respect to the territory watered by it.

A plan for the reform of the Navy is highly recommended to the attention of Congress, and the glance of its character which we obtain through the message induces the belief that it is practicable and desirable.

The Post-Office account was not quite so flattering as it was hoped it would prove, but the President urges the continuance of the present rates.

A variety of matters heretofore brought to the attention of Congress are recapitulated, as proper subjects of legislation.

The President speaks in warm commendation of the faithful services of the principal and subordinate officers of the government in every department.

He discourses at some length upon the doctrine of intervention, and makes the topic a vehicle for some salutary remarks. He speaks of the progressive spirit of the age; draws a distinction between change and progress, and deprecates the spirit of wild crusade against neighboring States. He justly lauds the Constitution of the United States; does not pretend that it is perfect; but admonishes caution in any proposition to amend it.

The President closes with some complacent and warrantable allusions to the peace and prosperity which pervade the country, in all its domestic and foreign relations; claiming only to have discherged his arduous duties to the best of an humble ability, with a single eye to the public good."

☞ We are requested to state, that persons coming to the Temperance Convention, to be held in this City, on the 15th, will be passed over the Raleigh and Gaston Road, at half price, coming and returning home.

A like arrangement has been entered into with the Wilmington Rail Road.

☞ Robinson and Eldred's Circus, now in town, appears to be well attended. The performances are superior to those we usually have. A collection of animals is connected with the Circus.

DEATH OF THE REV. THOMAS CROWDER. We regret to learn that a telegraphic dispatch was received in this city yesterday, communicating the sad intelligence, that this eminently pious and devoted man of God was no more. His death occurred in the town of Charlottesville, where he has been prostrated for several days past with an attack of inflamatory fever. Mr. C. has been a highly useful and popular member of the Virginia Methodist Conference, for a long series of years, and his death will be universally lamented and mourned.

Petersburg Express.

Important from Mexico—Probable Recall of Santa Anna, &c.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 4. The Picayune has advices by letter from Mexico to the 19th ult.

The Commandant of the National Guard at Tamaulipas has declared in favor of the revolt of Santa Anna to preside over the affairs of Mexico, with a similar form of government to that now existing. A similar declaration has also been made by the Commandant at Gondalajova. The impression prevails that Santa Anna may be recalled.

DEFEAT OF FREE SUFFRAGE.

It is with sincere regret that we are forced to announce the defeat of the Free Suffrage Bill in the Senate of North Carolina on Friday last, upon which day it came up on a re-consideration, moved by Mr. Hoke, of Lincoln, who had voted against it on Tuesday preceding. By the vote as given in the letter of our Raleigh Correspondent, it will be seen that every Democrat in the Senate voted in favor of the Bill with the exception of Mr. Speaker Edwards. It appears that six Whigs and twenty-seven Democrats voted *for* the Bill; and fifteen Whigs and one Democrat *against* it. The Democrat is Mr. Edwards.

We had hoped that this amendment, evidently desired by the people of the State, would have been passed into a law by the present General Assembly; and on its ratification by the people at the next election, would have become a portion of the Constitution of North Carolina. We have been disappointed. The whole question is again at sea, and unless something can yet be done at the present session, all the progress that has already been made will have been lost, and the whole question have to be gone over with *ab initio*.

The responsibility of the defeat rests with those who produced it; and the people will hold them accountable for the consequences of their act, and subject to that displeasure which they have incurred by a palpable disregard of the wishes of their constituents. As a party the Democrats have done their duty in the premises. Their opponents *could* have passed this bill, thus closing an agitation which they affect to deprecate, but they have not; and they, as a party, are entitled to the credit, or amenable to the censure which the voters of North Carolina may chbose to award to the killers of Free Suffrage. Of course, Mr. Edwards must feel, that in his solitary position, he stands isolated from his party, and in direct antagonism to its principles and policy upon this point. While the public at large will hold the Whig party responsible for the defeat of Free Suffrage, Mr. Edwards will be held to an especial account by his own party, whose partiality has awarded him position and honor, only to receive opposition and defeat in return.

It is not our wish to indulge in feelings or expressions of bitterness at this time, and we therefore suppress much that might be in accordance with the dictates of impulse, and perhaps also in pursuance of strict party duty. We presume Mr. Edwards' motives were disinterested, and that he was sincere in his opposition to Free Suffrage. He has no doubt committed himself at some time against the measure, perhaps without due examination, and with the pride of fancied consistency or the stubbornness of Old Fogy prejudice, he still refuses to see with any other spectacles than those falsely colored and distorted ones through which he received his first views and impressions of this subject. We do not want to censure Mr. Edwards of Warren, but it seems to us unfortunate that a Democratic and Free Suffrage Senate should have chosen him its head and front by electing him to the office of Speaker. Any person has a perfect right to be Democrat or Whig, Free Suffrage man or Anti-Free Suffrage man as his feelings and judgment may dictate, but it seems to us hardly fair for a man to claim to be of an organization and not with it—to receive its honors and preferments and yet thwart its objects. Such, however, is Mr. Edwards position. He claims to be of the Democratic party, and yet refuses to act with it upon a question which has formed a prominent and distinctive feature in its State policy.

We hear a great deal about independence, freedom from dictation, and all that sort of thing; nine-tenths of which is preached up for the purposes of humbug. The whole thing is a species of political bankruptcy or repudiation—an attempt to grasp the rewards and honors of a party without honestly discharging the corresponding obligation thereby incurred—to labor for its success, and strengthen its organization.

If Mr. Edwards could not act with the Democratic party, he should not have allowed himself to accept an election at its hands.

We learn from Raleigh that the Whig members had held a *caucus* in regard to the course of that party toward Free Suffrage. Was it part of the plan to give it just sufficient votes to throw the responsibility of its defeat upon the Speaker?

Wilmington Journal.

AGRICULTURAL SWEEP STAKE.

At a called meeting of the State Agricultural Society on Tuesday, the 30th of November, present: John S. Dancy, President; N. W. Woodfin, Vice President; James F. Taylor, Recording Secretary; Wilson W. Whitaker, Treasurer; Calvin H. Wiley, Richard H. Smith, Lewis Thompson, Charles Hinton, Richard H. Battle, Alpheus Jones, and L. O'B. Branch, members; the following programme was agreed upon for the Indian Corn Sweepstakes for 1853.

CONDITIONS.

Competitors are to reside in the State of North Carolina.

Any person can signify his intention to become a competitor between the date of this meeting, and the 1st day of May 1853, by sending to the Treasurer of the State Agricultural Society, Wilson W. Whitaker, Esq., $5,00 (five dollars.)

Each competitor must select two or more persons acquainted with the character of his land, who shall mark off one or more acres each of 70 yards square, which in their opinion will not make to exceed more than *three barrels* of Corn to the acre.

The plowing, planting, manuring and cultivating to be left to the option of the competitor.

Any variety of Indian Corn can be used.

The product to be gathered and measured in the presence of two or more disinterested persons, and the quantity made to be certified to by the same.

The quantity made, together with the plan pursued from the first plowing to the gathering, to be transmitted in writing to James F. Taylor, Wilson W. Whitaker and Richard H. Battle, of Raleigh, who constitute the committee of awards.

The competitor making the most to the acre will be entitled to one half of the sum raised, subject to a deduction of 15 per cent, which will go to the support of the State Agricultural Society.

The competitor making the second best crop will receive *two thirds* of the remaining half, subject to the same deduction.

The competitor making the third best crop will be entitled to the remainder, subject to the deduction.

Should evidence reach the committee of awards of unfair management on the part of any competitor, his name will be stricken from the list, and his money returned.

Arrival of the Black Warrior—Important from Havana.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 4. The Picayune has advices from Mobile, announcing the arrival there, last evening, of the steamer Black Warrior, with dates from Havana to the 1st instant.

The Captain General of Cuba was to forward his decision in the case of the imprisonment of the captain and crew of the American ship Suffolk, for selling said vessel to the slave trade, to Washington, by the sloop of war Cyanne, or the steamer Fulton. The English consul was the first to give the Captain General information in the case.

Another account says that Capt. Adam Gray and his son, of the Lady Suffolk, were alone arrested. The affair produced much excitement among the ship masters engaged in fitting out and manning the Lady Suffolk.

All the Tehauntepec propositions are to be published, and their decision left to Congress.

Accounts from Sonora report that Corma De Boulbon had rebelled, and that a battle had been fought with the Government troops under General Blanco, in which the latter were defeated.

The State of Agnas Callentes had pronounced in favor of the plan of Guadalajara, and contributed large quantities of arms to the revolutionists.

The authorities of Oaxaba were treating with the insurgents at Vera Cruz, and probably would surrender to the latter.

At Mazatlan two vessels of war, which were sent from Acapulco to blockade the port, had joined the insurgents. The Church had offered to advance $100,000 to the Government.

Sugar was firm, in good request, and a small stock. Molasses steady, but not active. Coffee firm. Exchange on Northern cities of the United States 1½ per cent.

☞ The advertisement of that general favorite, JOHN KANE, in another column, should attract attention. With characteristic modesty, he informs the Public that he has fitted up his establishment in "a style of *neatness*," while, in reality, it is fitted up in a style of *elegance* that would almost do credit to Broadway. Every thing that "delectates the inner man" can be found there, in profusion.—*Register.*

CIRCUIT COURT OF UNITED STATES.

This Tribunal adjourned on Wednesday without having taken up the Woodworth Patent Case. We have received for publication from George Little, Esq., Marshal of the District of North Carolina, the following copy of the proceedings of the Court, in reference to the death of the late Hon. William H. Haywood.

H. W. Husted, Esq., the Attorney of the United States for this District, rose and addressed the Court as follows:

"*May it please your Honor:*

The members of the Bar of this Court, now in attendance, have this morning held a meeting, and have unanimously passed the following preamble and resolutions respecting the late Hon. William H. Haywood, *Jr.*, a distinguished member of this Bar, whom death has called from among us, since the last term of this Court.

I am deputed by the Bar to present their proceedings to your Honor, and to ask that they be spread upon the Records of this Court."

The following proceedings of the meeting of the members of the Bar were then read:

"A meeting of the members of the Bar, attending the Fall Term, 1852, of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of North Carolina, convened on the morning of the first day of said term within the bar of the Court for the purpose of expressing their sorrow for the death of the late William H. Haywood, Jr., and their respect for his memory.

On motion of the Hon. William A. Graham, the Hon. James Iredell was called to the Chair, and William A. Wright requested to act as Secretary.

On motion of the Hon. Robert Strange, it was

"*Resolved*, That a committee of three persons to be nominated by the Chairman, be appointed to draft appropriate resolutions for the consideration of this meeting."

Whereupon the Hon. Robert Strange, the Hon. William A. Graham and the Hon. John H. Bryan were appointed said committee; and after retiring for a short time, this committe through their chairman, the Hon. Rob't Strange, reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted by the meeting:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from his earthly labors our late brother, the Hon. William H. Haywood, Jr., one of the most distinguished members of our profession, not only in this State but in the Union.

Resolved, therefore, That the Bar of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of North Carolina, now assembled, sincerely mingle their regrets with those of his bereaved family—with those of the people of North Carolina, and of the country at large.

Resolved, That this Bar has been deprived by this dispensation, of one of its most distinguished and able members, the State of North Carolina of one of its most talented and useful citizens, and that the sphere of action of the deceased was so extended in life, that all will sympathise with us in his death.

Resolved, That the District Attorney of the United States for the District of North Carolina, is requested to present the proceedings of this meeting to the Court, and to ask that they be spread upon the minutes.

Resolved, That the Secretary transmit a copy of these proceedings with our condolence to the family of the deceased.

JAMES IREDELL, *Chm'n.*

WM. A. WRIGHT, *Sec'y.*

Upon the foregoing proceedings and resolutions being read, Mr. Justice Wayne replied:

GENTLEMEN: I concur with you very sincerely in your tribute to the memory of our deceased brother. He had my esteem in all the relations of life, and my confidence as much as a Judge can properly give to counsel.

He was truly faithful to his clients in the preparation and argument of their causes, and at all times stated to the Court what he believed to be the laws with candor and ability.

Your proceedings, gentlemen, shall be entered upon the minutes of the Court, and I will direct them to be published as a part of its proceedings.

MARRIED,

In Nash county, N. C., on Thursday the 2d instant, by H. H. Williams, Esq., Mr. Z. R. Hinton to Miss Temperance A. Boyett, eldest daughter of Jas. Boyett, Esq., all of Nash.

DIED,

In this town, on Sunday the 5th instant, at 11½ o'clock A. M., of Diarrhea, Col. WM. E. ANDERSON, Cashier of Branch of the Bank of the State, in the 48th year of his age.

In the death of Col. Anderson, Wilmington has lost one of its best and most estimable citizens, and society one of its most useful and respected members. In all the relations of life, he stood pure and above reproach; maintaining throughout the consistent character of a high minded gentleman, an attached friend and a sincere Christian. If any consideration could lessen the grief of his afflicted family, it would be to know that it is shared by the whole community. *Wil. Journal.*

Tar River Academy.

THE first session of this School will commence on the 12th day of January next.

Terms per session of five months:

The Englishbranches, $7 50, $10, $12 50, according to advancement.

Higher Languages, $15.

The Trustees consider themselves fortunate in having secured the services of Mr. John F. Dance, who has had charge of the School for the present year, and has given entire satisfaction. Board can be secured with the Trustees at $5 per month, which very low price is adopted for the purpose of enabling them the better to educate their own sons by securing students at a distance.

The School is located in Granville County, 9 miles west of Oxford, in a healthy and moral neighborhood, with as few temptations to vice and immorality as any, and convenient to several Churches of the different denominations. For further particulars address

C. W. ALLEN, *Secretary.*

TRUSTEES.

DR. JAS. A. RUSSELL, WILLIAM CLEMENT,
ALLEN WALKER, JAS. C. COZART,
LEWIS P. ALLEN.

Tar River P. O., }
Granville Co., } 7—w.td.

A CARD.

PROF. PENNINGTON having closed his Public Lectures in this City, would apprize those who desire a practical knowledge of Mental Alchemy that he will remain some ten days, during which time he will be pleased to take charge of day or night Classes of four or more. Gentlemen who wish to understand the practical bearings of this important Philosophy, should not lose this opportunity.

Prof. P. feels deeply grateful to citizens and visiting strangers who have honored him with their presence during the series of Lectures which he has just closed.

Raleigh, December 9th, 1852. 8—

Just Received.

15 BBLS. Mercer Potatoes.
300 lbs. Cod Fish, Salmon, Mackerel, Herrings, &c., &c.
5 doz. Beef Tongues.
50 Boxes Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles.
10 bbls. Family Flour, at

HENRY KIRM'S.

December 9, 1852. 7—

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY.

THE regular exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 10th day of January next. Terms as heretofore.

SAM'L L. VENABLE, Principal.

Oxford, N. C., Dec. 6th, 1852. 8—4t.

Education.

A GRADUATE of the University of North Carolina desires to take charge of a Classical School in some healthy location.

He can furnish good recommendations as to his character and qualifications. Address B. H——

Raleigh, N. C.

December 6, 1853. 9—tIstJan.

Clerk Wanted.

A CLERK is wanted in the Postoffice at Raleigh. He must write a good business hand, and to one who will give satisfaction, good wages will be given. Address the subscriber, Raleigh.

WM. WHITE, P. M.

December 9, 1853. 7—tf.

A THANKSGIVING SONG.

BY HENRY WARE, JR.

Come, uncles and cousins; come, nieces and aunts;
Come, nephews and brothers—no *wont's* and no *can't's*;
Put business, and shopping, and school-books away;
The year had rolled round—it is Thanksgiving day.

Come home from the college, ye ringlet-haired youth.
Come home from your factories, Ann, Katy, and Ruth;
From the anvil, the counter, the farm, come away;
Home, home with you all—it is Thanksgiving day.

The table is spread, and the dinner is dressed;
The cooks and the mothers have all done their best;
No Caliph of Bagdad e'er saw such display,
Or dreamed of a feast like our Thanksgiving day.

Pies, puddings, and custards; pigs, oysters, and nuts—
Come forward and seize them, without *ifs* and *buts*;
Bring none of your slim little appetites here—
Thanksgiving day comes only once in a year.

Thrice welcome the day in its annual round!
What treasures of love in its bosom are found!
New England's high holiday, ancient and dear—
'Twould be twice as welcome, if twice in a year.

Now children revisit the darling old place,
And brother and sister, long parted, embrace;
The family circle's united once more,
And the same voices shout at the old cottage door.

The grandfather smiles on the innocent mirth,
And blesses the Power that has guarded his hearth;
He remembers no trouble, he feels no decay,
But thinks his whole life has been Thanksgiving day.

Then praise for the past and present we sing,
And, trustful, await what the future may bring;
Let doubt and repining be banished away,
And the whole of our lives be a Thanksgivinday.

Mail Arrangements at Raleigh.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.

NORTHERN MAIL—(By Railroad.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - - at 5 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Sunday) - - - at 9½ p. m.
This mail closes at 9 p. m. of the day before it leaves.

SOUTHERN MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - - at 10 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Sunday) - - - at 10 p. m.
Mail closes at 9 a. m.

WESTERN MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 a. m.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8½ p. m.
This mail is not due until 11½ p. m., closes at 8 a. m.

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves Tuesday and Saturday - - at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday - - at 7 p. m.
Mail closes at 9 p. m.

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves daily (except Sunday) - - at 8 a. m.
Arrives daily (except Monday) - - at 3 p. m.
Mail closes at 7 a. m.

TARBOROUGH MAIL—(By Stage.)
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 a. m.
Arrives Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 p. m.
Mail closes at 9 p. m. night before.

ROXBOROUGH MAIL—(By Horse.)
Leaves Friday - - - - - at 12 m.
Arrives Friday - - - - - at 10 a. m.
Mail closes at 12 M.

October 18, 1852. 97—

RESTAURANT.

THIS Establishment is fitted up in a style of neatness and convenience to suit the public.

Fresh Oysters, Fish, Birds, &c.

Received Daily,

and served up in in the best manner.

☞ Private Rooms furnished for Parties.

There are also two fine BILLIARD TABLES in the Establishment.

JOHN KANE.

RALEIGH, December 6, 1852. 7—

N. C. Fashionable Jewelry Store.

PALMER & RAMSAY,

DEALERS IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

All Kinds of Jewelry, of the Latest Styles, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, *Perfumery, Fancy Goods and Clocks.*

THE subscribers are now receiving their Fal purchase, which is one of the most extensive ever offered for sale in the State. Consisting of 100 Gold and Silver Watches,
Large collection of Gold Chains, Seals and Keys.
A fine lot of Diamond Rings and Pins,
Fashionable Earrings, Breastpins and Rings,
Bracelets, Cuff Pins and Armlets,
Very large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel

Spectacles,

Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens and Lockets,
Steel Pens and Keys, Razors, Strops and Pen Knives,
Silver Table, Deserts and Tea Spoons,
Ladles, Forks and Butter Knives, and Pickle Knives and Forks,
Castors, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays,
Baskets, Walter Coffee Urn,
Gerondoles, Coral and Card Cases,
Perfumery and Fancy Goods
All kinds of Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired in our usual manner.

October 4, 1852. 94—

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

ALEXANDER CREECH has received the largest portion of his

Stock of Fancy and Staple dry GOODS,

to which he invites the attention of all who wish to buy handsome and cheap Goods. His stock consists in part of the following:

French Muslins de Laine and Merinoes,
American de Laine and Thibet Cloths,
Alboni Plaids, new style, and Prussian Cashmeres,
Alpacas, a large assortment,
English and American Prints, great variety,
Ginghams, Flannels, and Irish Linens,
Jaconette, Swiss, Checked and Talton Muslins,
French Emb'd and Woolen Shawls,
A good assortment of Gloves and Hosiery,
Work'd Collars, Edgings and Insertions,
Lyle and Thread Edgings,
Linencambric Handk's, Diapers, Bonnet-Ribbons, &c., &c.
Blk French Cloths and Cassimeres,
Satin, Silk and Cashmere Vestings,
Silk Hand'k. and Italian Cravats,
Tweeds, Sattenettes and Ohio Jeans,
Kerseys, Linseys and Blankets,
Bleach'd and Brown Domestics,
Heavy Ingrain Carpeting and Medium,
Also an assortment of Ready-Made Clothing.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots & Shoes;

And many other articles not named; all of which he is determined to sell at his usual low prices, and earnestly requests all those in want of new and cheap Goods to give him a call at his stand, three doors above Mr. R. Smith's, where he will be found ready and willing to serve his customers. He returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding county for past patronage, and hopes to merit the continuance of the same.

Raleigh, Sept. 17, 1853. 89—

OXFORD MALE ACADEMY.

J. H. HORNER, *Principal.*
T. J. HORNER, *Assistant.*

THE next session of this School will commence the 1st Monday in January. The Principal is prepared to accommodate ten or twelve boarders at $9 per month. Boys boarding in the village will be visited at their rooms every evening by the principal or his assistant.

T. H. WILLIE, *Sec'y.*

Oxford, Granville, Nov. 16, 1852. 4—6w.

D. G. LOUGEE,

DEALER IN CLOCKS, WATCHES, & FANCY GOODS,

Also, Confectionary, Segars, &c.

At the Post Office Building,

GOLDSBOROUGH, N. C.

☞ Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry neatly repaired

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office, at Raleigh, for the month ending November 30th, 1852:

A.

Allen, V. A.
Allen, James
Applewright, John E.
Allen, Miss Sarah

B.

Brackett, Chas.
Bondy, Mrs. Elizabeth
Busby, Chas. R.
Betts, A. W.
Beasly, Mrs. Pursey
Buffalo, B. B.
Ballurd, John W.
Britton, Sewell
Buffalo, Henry
Buffalo, Jerry
Blanchard, Miss Rebecca
Breedlove, Miss Betsy
Barfield, W. B.
Bissell, David
Brown, Owen A.
Buffalo, John
Baker, Gye
Betts, Alvin
Body, Miss Catherine
Byrnes, James
Bowers, Wm.

C.

Cheek, James
Carpenter, Miss Sarah
Cosby, Vincent T.
Collins, Hugh W.
Caudle, Miss Emily
Curtis, Geo. T.
Conrad, E. R.
Cook, Jas. G.
Crockett, George W.
Chavis, Wm.
Cordle, Mrs. Charlotte
Clifton, Mrs. Sarah

D.

Day, Benjamin
Day, Reuben
Dix, Miss D. L.
Driver, Miss Martha

E.

Ellington, Wesley
Earp, Mrs. M.
Espinton, John
Earp, Mrs. Elizabeth
Ellington, L. F.
Edwards, Capt. Chas.

F.

Fox, William
Fleming, Mrs. Jane C.
Fraurs, Sorengo
Foster, James F.
Freeman, Miss Ada
Fowler, Mrs. Martha

G.

Garrett, C. L.
Gill, Terrill
Gwin, Wm. H.

H.

Hinton, F. G.
Harwood, Edmund
Howard, J. W.
Husk, Branch T.
Hinton, Mrs. Mary B.
Horton, Lacy I.
Holland, Thomas
Harriss, Edward
Huske, James
Harvey, Dr.
Hinton, Joshua
Horton, W. R.
House, Tho. W.
Hooper, Wm. G.
Hunter, Jacob
Horne, Capt. James W.
Hoyt, Wm. R.
Harriss, Charity
Howlet, Dr.
Hinton, G. J.
Holland, Thos.
Hopson, Benjamin heirs of

J.

Johnson, J. L. & J. S.
Johnson, Osborn
Johnson, Camon
Johnson, R.
Johnson, John R.
Jesper, Molly Miss
Jerrett, Julia A. Miss
Jackson, Jane Mrs.

L.

Love, R. G. A.
Lane, Joseph H.
Latham, David C.
Lassiter, Quincy S. Miss
Lorkch, Wm. A.
Looms, A.
Land, Wm. H.
Leslie, A.
Luster, Elizabeth Mrs.
Lynn, John M.
Lashly, Amy Mrs.

M.

Morgan, Wilson
McCullers, Mary Miss
Mitchel, Nathaniel
Mitchel, Sophia Miss
Macklin, Gray
McDade, John
Mitchel, Caroline Miss
Mitchel, Sallie H. Miss
Mitchel, Martha Miss
Medlin, Mary Miss
McClosky, B.
Moore, A. F. jr.
McCullers, John S.
Mabry, Mary T. Miss
Mitchel, Mary Mrs.

N.

Nowell, K. A.
Norwood, John

O.

Osborne, John

P.

Pope, Wm. H.
Perry, Willie
Pool, Henderson
Parmon, Bennet
Perry, Litha Mrs.
Pool, Rebecca Mrs.
Pickens, Mr.
Parker, Wm. C.
Powell, Wm.
Powell, Ann Mrs.
Powers, Elizabeth Miss
Powell, Mary
Philip, John heirs of

R.

Roberts, Edmond M.
Royster, Daniel L.
Ray, James
Reece, Sarah Miss
Rayan, John
Ray, Elizabeth Miss
Reid, Margaret Miss
Rogers, Rebecca Miss
Rodes, Jer'iah heirs of

S.

Spain, Wm. G.
Stokes, John
Smith, David
Smith & Jones,
Strahorne, Sarah Miss
Strickland, W. D.
Sorrell, John
Shedrick, Jane Miss
Steele, Sallie J. Mrs.
Stedman, Francis A.
Smith, Henry
Smith, Caswell A.

T.

Turner, C. H.
Thompson, Columbus
Terrell, Solomon
Turner, Simon
Thompson, A. B.
Thompson, J.
Taylor, Seth

W.

Wilson, James
Wintus, James
Williams, Benjamin
Whitaker, Wm.
Williams, Ransom
Weems, Mary A. Mrs.
Williams, Morgan
Williams, Fanny Miss
Wilton, Henry
Whitenton, Merrit
Williams, James
Williams, D. B.
Williams, Wm. M.
Williams, Simon
Wyche, Rob't H.
Wray, Thomas H.
Williams, George
Weems, Mary A. Mrs.

Persons calling for any of the above Letters will please say they are advertised.

WM. WHITE, P. M.

November 30, 1852. 949—w3w.

HATS AND CAPS!

THE LATEST STYLES for the FALL of 1852.

BEEBE'S and Leary's fashionable super. Moleskin. A large assortment of HATS and CAPS of almost every style that is out this season, from the finest qualities to the lowest price. Now ready at TUCKER'S.

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the members of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Raleigh, on Tuesday the 11th day of January next, for the purpose of electing a board of Directors for the ensuing year.

JOHN C. PARTRIDGE, Secretary.

Raleigh, December 6th, 1852. 7—td.

Executor's Notice.

HAVING qualified at the County Court of Halifax, held on the 4th Monday in October, 1852, as Executor of the last Will and Testament of Thomas W. Holden, dec'd, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against him, in any way, to present them immediately, and all persons indebted to said Estate by note, account or otherwise to come forward immediately and settle.

HENRY N. HOLDEN, *Ex'r.*

Nov. 12th, 1852. 1—3m.

TURNER'S NORTH CAROLINA ALMANAC FOR 1853.

PUBLISHED this day, and sold wholesale and retail by HENRY D. TURNER, N. C. Bookstore.

October 12, 1852. 95—

Boots and Shoes.

JMILES & SONS' Improved Stitched Boots, Double Sole and Waterproof do., a splendid article of Double Sole Brogans for the practical Farmers of Wake and surrounding country, including the Railroad.

EVANS & COOKE.

Sept. 17. 88—

Fancy Cloth Sack Frocks.

WE have just received this morning four dozen more of those handsome business Cloth Coats, o all co—o.s and sizes—made up in our usual good style at HARDING'S CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

November 24th, 1852. 4—

Bank of the State of North Carolina.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at their Banking House, in this City, on the first Monday in January next.

C. DEWEY, *Cashier.*

Raleigh, Nov. 24, 1852. 5—

Still Better.

ANOTHER box of that celebrated Oronoko Brand of chewing Tobacco. Received this day by

H. D. TURNER.

December 14, 1852. 6—

2000 LBS. cut nails and finishing brads. 1 bale ex. et. Oznaburg.

J. BROWN.

Dec. 7, 1852. 6—

MERINO Under Shirts, Drawers, Gents ½ Hosiery Stocks and Cravats. Large lot just received a Harding's CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

November 1st, 1852. 102—

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO, superior quality—an additional supply just to hand and for sale by J. McKIMMON.

LAMP OIL—Winter Strained Oil in store and for sale by J. McKIMMON.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

JAMES McKIMMON,

Fayetteville St., next door to the N. C. Bookstore

HAS in store and is now receiving a full assortment of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, together with his usual supplies of Groceries, Hardware, Queens-ware, Hats and Caps, which he offers to the public, Wholesale and Retail, on liberal terms, consisting in part of the following:

Printed Cashmere and DeLaines, new and beautiful designs,
Brocade Silks, very rich,
Fancy fig'd and plain do
Plain bl'k and watered do
French Merinos of every shade,
English do do
French and Earlston Ginghams, Fancy and Black and White,
French, English and American Prints of the latest style,
4-4 to 12-4 Tarlton Wool Shawls, all qualities
8-4 to 10-4 Long do do
Black and Mode colors do
Embroidered Linen Cambric Hd'kfs,
Hem Stitch and Tape Bord'd do
Black, White and Fancy Kid Gloves for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses and children,
Black Nett and Plain Silk do do
Silk and Cotton Hosiery of all kinds,
Merino, Thibbet and Wool Gloves do
Damask Table Diapers, 6-4, 8-4 and 10 4 wide,
Bird Eye, Scotch and Russia Diapers,
Huckaback, Bleached and Brown,
Damask Napkins and Doylies,
Bamsley Sheeting, 6-4 and 12-4 wide, Pillow Case Linen,
Irish Linen, Long Lawn, French Lawn,
Jackonett, Cambric, Plaid and Swiss Muslins, and Nansook do
Plain and Dotted Swiss do
White, Red, Green and Yellow Flannels, in great variety.
Blue and Brown Cotton Shirtings and Sheetings,
Kerseys, Linseys and Osnaburgs,
Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, a complete assortment.

HATS AND CAPS,

Just to hand a general assortment of Fashionable Fall style for Men, Boys and Children.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Now opning my usual large supply for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children, in great variety. Also, Men's and Boy's heavy Brogans, single and double soles, suitable for the Farmers.

COTTON BAGGING, ROPE AND TWINE.

A large Lot of Gunny, Dundee, and German Bagging, Hemp and Jute Rope and Twine.

GROCERIES.

A complete assortment of Brown, Crushed, Ground and Clarified Sugars,
Java, Laguria and Rio Coffee,
Sugar-House Molasses and Syrup, choice Teas,
Choice Champagne, Maderia, Sherry and Port Wines,
Cognac Brandy and old Monongahela Whiskey,
Segars of the most approved Brands.

Sept. 24, 1852. 91—1y.

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES,

At Wholesale and Retail.

WE respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent

Stock of Leather and Findings,

for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles, viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 doz. French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,
Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warronted to give satisfaction, and many other articles, too numerous to mention, at No. 21 Old street, opposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD,

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.

Petersburg, May 5, 1852. 52—tf.

Readable Books.

POPULAR library of the best authors, books which quicken the intelligence of youth, delight age, decorate prosperity, shelter and solace us in adversity, bring enjoyment at home, befriend us out of doors, pass the night with us, travel with us, go into the country with us.—*Cicero.*

1. Essays from the London Times, a collection of personal and historical Sketches. 2. The Yellowplush Papers, by W. *M.* Thackeray. 3. The Maiden and Married Life of Mary Powell, afterwards Mistress Milton. 4, 5. Travels in Tartary, Thibet, and China, in 1844-'45, by M. Huc, Missionary Priest, 2 vols. 6. Gaieties and Gravities, by Horace Smith, one of the Authors of the "Rejected Addresses." 7, 8. The Paris Sketch Book, by W. M. Thackeray, 2 vols. 8vo. 9, 10. Little Pedlington and the Pedlingtonians, by John Poole, Author of "Paul Pry."

For sale at the North-Carolina Book-Store by

HENRY D. TURNER.

Raleigh, May 21st, 1852. 58—

General Agency and Commission Business.

THE Subscribers have this day entered into a copartnership under the style of WHITAKER, WHITFIELD & Co., for the purpose of doing a general agency and commission business, and in offering their services to the public in that capacity they flatter themselves that they will be able to give satisfaction to all those who may consign any goods, wares, merchandize or country produce to them, either to sell on commission or forward. As it will be our greatest aim to please, we pledge ourselves to spare no pains in giving general satisfaction. They respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public generally. The store is No. 3, North Water St. Dickinson's Fire-proof building, Wilmington, N. C

JOHN R. WHITAKER,
JAMES W. WHITFIELD,
A. A. B. BOUTHALL.

REFERENCES:—John Dawson, Potter & Kidder, O. G. Parsley, Samuel Beery & Sons, G. R. French, and Ellis & Mitchell.

Wilmington, Jan. 29, 1852. 26—tf.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having, at November Sessions of Wake County Court, qualified as Executrix of the late Richard Smith of the City of Raleigh, hereby notifies all persons having any claims against the estate of the deceased to present them for payment, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Also, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment. Mr. Sidney M. Barbee and Mr. Edward C. Belvin are authorized in my name to collect the Store debts—close store accounts, sell the goods and merchandize on hand and grant receipts and acquittances for payments made.

PENELOPE SMITH, Ex'x.

November 15th, 1852. 946—4tw.

D. G. BRIGGS,

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL give strict attention to the sale or forwarding of all produce or Merchandise entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Wm. Boylan, Geo. W. Mordecai, } Raleigh, N. C.
Col. A. Joyner, John Campbell, } Weldon, N. C.
McIllwaine Brownly & Co., Patterson & Cooper, } Petersburg, Va.
J. C. Wilson & Co., DeRosset & Brown, } Wilmington.

August 8th, 1852. 932—

Just Received and for Sale,

A RICH assortment of Fancy Neck, Sash, Hat and Cap Ribbons,
Plain Satin and Lustring Ribbons, all colors and widths,
French worked Muslin undersleeves,
Infant's French worked Frock Bodies and Caps,
Ladies' French worked Caps and Collars in great variety,
do do Mourning and half Mourning Collars,
do do Cuffs, Muslins and Dimity Bands,
Real Thread Lace, Insertings and Edgings,
Imitation do do do
Lisle do do do
Bobbin do do do

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

NOVELTY WORKS,

WEST ST., RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA,

SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR,

BUILDER OF

Steam Engines & General Machinist.

THE above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

AUBRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

MR. SILAS BURNS,

Dear Sir: Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot in 3½ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes two many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,

JONES & BARBEE.

June 2, 1852. 59—

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE,

CEDAR ROCK, FRANKLIN COUNTY, N C.

D. S. RICHARDSON, *Principal.*

Castalia Female Institute,

CASTALIA, NASH, N. C.

Mrs. M. C. Richardson, *Principal.*

THE Fall Terms will commence on the first Monday in July, and close on the 1st Friday in December.

Mr. Richardson has purchased a residence, and considers himself as permaneutly located at CASTALIA.

The Schools will be under the immedinte supervision of himself and lady, under one and the same body of Trustees.

The Female School is near the Franklin line, three miles from the Male, a distance favorable to the seclusion and success of both Institutions.

Mrs. R., who has latterly taught at Belford, has celebrity which no comment of ours could affect. a large, neat edifice similar to that of the Male InstituA is contracted for, and will be erected immediatete Meanwhile students will be accomodated in the ly. Academy, known formerly as Pleasant Hill. In short, the Trustees would assure their patrons, that they will carefully consider everything and deem nothing unimportant, which will contribute effectually to the consummation of their educational enterprise, rendering the Institutions *all* that enlightened and Christian parents could desire for their children.

Board, including washing and Fuel, $6½ per month.

For further particulars address the Principals or

JNO. ADAMS HARRISON.
Secretary of the Board of Trustees,

At the Female Inst., Messrs. James and Jno. Adams Harrison are prepared to accomodate boarders. Board can also be obtained of the Principal, after the coming session.

June 10, 1852. 924—wtf.

"Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realized a sufficient income to arrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, of rs to the public generally the opportunity of bidding r its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matterto possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenience of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.

Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for ⅔ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN, *Secretary.*

April 28, 1850. 51—

LOOK OUT IN DUE TIME!

ON leaving Stanhope, Nash county, N. C., it is offerred for sale at Public Auction, to the highest bider on Thursday the 30th December, at 12 o'clock. Comment is unnecessary, as the operations of 6 years establish the fact that, it combines many advantages as a House of entertainment, private residence and country business place, &c., having a commodious dwelling, with all necessary out-houses, Store and office rooms, extensive shops, shelters and fixtures, and offers as many advantages to embark in Mercantile and Turpentine operations as any place in North Carolina. The quantity of land attached and terms of sale will be made liberal to suit the purchaser. Any specifications will be furnished by application to DANIEL S. ORENSHAW.

November 7th, 1852. 103—tf.

Tar, Pitch and Turpentine.

WE wish to hire 50 negroes to work in Turpentine in Williamsburg, South Carolina, for which we will pay fair prices, commencing 1st January, 1853. Address us at Stanhope, North Carolina.

CRENSHAW, ELIS & TAYLOR.

November 7th, 1852. 103—tf.

Baltimore Piano Manufactory.

Important Improvement.—Etastic Universal Touch

WISE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladie's can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the City among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honof of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

J. J. WISE & BRO.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, Agent.

Raleigh, Jan. 17, 1850. 20—6m.

Delightful and Useful Books.

MARCO Paul's Voyages and Travels.—In New York—on the Erie Canal—in Maine—in Vermont—in Boston—Springfield Armory, with Illustrations, By Jacob Abbott. For sale by H. D. TURNER.

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the present General Assembly to amend the Charter of the town of Lumberton.

Oct. 25, 1852.

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own clothing, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our cloths, cassimeres, &c., at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

Our Custom Department,

Is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

Our Wholesale Rooms.

Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(Successors to N. PERRY.)

Petersburg, Virginia, May 5th, 1852. 52—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.,

ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals

PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS,

Window Glass, Perfumery, &c. &c

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their pur.ty, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.

Raleigh, April 28. 1851. 94—

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned having this day formed a co-partnership for the purpose of conducting the CONFECTIONARY BUSINESS in all its branches. The business will be carried on at the "old stand" of Sam'l H. Marks, and will be known under the firm and style of SAM'L H. MARKS & SON, where they will manufacture and keep consantly on hand the nicest and purest Candies of every quality and flavor, and will be regularly supplied with the finest imported and domestic Cigars, and the choicest Fruits in their proper seasons.

Having made more extensive arrangements for the manufacture of Steam Refined Candies, they will be enabled to furnish much larger quantities, and purchasers may rely upon getting it with despatch.

All orders for goods will be thankfully received, packed in the best manner, and sent to any part of the United States.

SAM'L H. MARKS,
WM. A. MARKS.

Petersburg, ugust 11, 1852. 69—tto.

NEW BOOKS.

NEW AND COMPLETE COOK-BOOK. The actical Cook-Book, containing upwards of one thousand receipts, consisting of directions for selecting, preparing, and cooking all kinds of Meats, Fish, Poultry, and Game; Soups, Broths, Vegetables, and Salads, Also, for making all kinds of Plain and Fancy Breads, Pastes, Puddings, Cakes, Creams, Ices, Jellies, Preserves, Marmalades, &c, &c., &c. Together with various Miscellaneous Receipts, and numerous Preparations for Invalids. By Mrs. BLISS. In one vol., 12mo.

The Freemason's Manual; a companion for the initiated through all the degrees of Freemasonry, from the 'Entered Apprentice' to the higher degrees of 'Knighthood.' Embracing Entered Apprentice, Fellow Craft, Master Mason, Past Master, Mark Master, Most Excellent Master, Royal Arch, Select Master, High Priesthood, Knight of the Red Cross, Knights Templars, Knights of Malta, the Ancient Constitution of the Order, &c. Embellished with upwards of one hundred Engravings, illustrating the emblems and symbols of the Order. By Rev. KINSEY JOHNS STEWART, K. T. This work has the sanction and approval of the R. W. G. M. of the State of Delaware, and of the M. E. G. H. P. of the Grand H. R. A. C. of Pennsylvania.

For sale at the N. C Bookstore by

H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, September 27th, 1852. 91—

TO MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS!

THE Trustees of Floral College, North Carolina, wish to employ an accomplished Instructor in Music to take charge of the Musical department in said Institution. The salary will be liberal.

Proposals will therefore be received by the undersigned Committee until the 11th of December next, when the Board of Trustees will convene and make a selection and inform the successful candidate of the selection made. Applicants must specify the amount they are willing to take for their services for the term of one year, and also accompany their proposals with certificates of recommendation as to moral character and Musical attainments. Any information desired in regard to the Institution can be obtained by addressing the committee at Gilopolis Post Office, Robeson County, N. C.

☞ It is immaterial whether the applicants are gentlemen or ladies.

J. B. McCALLUM,
WM. McKAY,
JOHN. McNEILL, } *Com.*

September 20, 1852. 99—4w.

MILTON FACTORY AND MILL.

J. B. BARRETT & J. D. NEWSOM, Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mills Lands, Tenements, and debts due the Firm c. Barrett, Newsom & Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling business.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

WOOLEN GOODS,

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only afford a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get

Domestic Woolens, Cotton Goods,

and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.

BARRETT & NEWSOM.

Milton, March 25, 1851. 41—tf.

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory.

RUFUS H. PAGE.

REFERENCES:

Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State*, D. W. Courts *Pub. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State*, E B. Freeman, *Clerk Sup. Court*; Geo. W. Mordecai *Prest. of Bank of the State*, Wm. H. Jones, *Cash'r Bank of Cape Fear*, W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G R. R.*

Raleigh, Dec., 18, 1851. 14—tf

Carpeting.

DRAWING Room and Bed Room Carpets, Stair Carpets,
Tufted and other rich Hearth Rugs,
Fancy printed Druggets for Crumb Cloths,
Rich fancy Piano and Table Covers.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

Candles.

15 BOXES best patent Sper Candles,
20 do do Adamantine do,
20 do Hull's Patent Tallow do
Hull's No. 1 Bar Soap,
Black Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Starch, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Indigo, for sale by

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1852. 93—

NEW BOOKS.

LIFE and Correspondence of Lord Jeffrey, by Lord Cockburn, one of the Judges of the Court of Session in Scotland.

Annual of Scientific Discovery; or Year-Book of Facts in Science and art for 1852.

The Power of Christian Benevolence illustrated in the Life and Labors of Mary Lyon.

Austria in 1848-'49, containing a full account of the Revolution in Hungary, and Historical Sketches of the Austrian Government and Provinces of the Empire, by Wm. H. Stiles, Late Charge D'Affairs of the U. S. at Court of Vienna.

The Constitutions of the several States of the Union and United States, including the Declaration of Independence and articles of Confederation.

Horse-Shoe Robinson, a tale of the tory ascendency, by Jno. P. Kennedy, author of the "Swallow Barn," 1 vol. 2 vo., uniform with the Swallow Barn.

Courtesy, Manners and Habits, by George Winfred Hervey.

Hand Book of the English language, by R. G. Latham M. D., F. R. S.

Queechy, by the author of the 'Wide, Wide World.'

Pyrmhurst, his Wanderings and ways of thinking, by Donald McLeod.

Romanism at Home; Kirwan's Letters to Chief Justice Taney. Brace's Hungary in 1851.

Lady Pfeiffer's voyage round the World.

Norris's Hand Book for Locomotive Engineers and Machinists. Poems by Matilda.

Ban Gauthier's Book of Ballads

For sale by

W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh N. C. June 9th, 1852. 63—

Historical Sketches of North Carolina, FROM 1584 TO 1851.

COMPILED from Original Records, Official Documents and Traditional Sketches, &c., &c., by JOHN H WHEELER, late Treasurer of the State.

Extract from the University Magazine, (May number):

"A most liberal expenditure of time and substance has been made by a native citizen of North Carolina to supply the young men just coming on the stage of action with a portion of knowledge to them peculiar and important. He has furnished reminiscenes, refreshing to all which increase our pleasures at home and abroad."

Extract from George Bancroft, Historian of the United States:

"There are many separate pieces of information and valuable documents, which of themselves are worth the price of this work; which can be found no where else."

This work is valuable to members and others as containing the accurate returns of the population of each County, and is for sale by

W. MER

Raleigh, N. C., October 4th, 1852. 97—

Encourage Home Industry,

BY PATRONIZING THE

Machine Shop and Foundry of

STAFFORD, CLARK & DIXON,

Who Manufacture all Sizes of

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(BOTH PORTABLE AND STATIONARY;)

STRAW-CUTTERS OF VARIOUS PATTERNS, WHEAT FANS,

Mill and Factory Gear, Saw and Grist Mill Irons, Bark Mills, Wool Carding Machines, Edge Tools, &c., &c.

Address Snow Camp, Alamance County, N. C.

October 25th, 1852. 101—8t.

State of North Carolina, Franklin Co.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1852. *David Hunt and wife and others, vs. Mourning Wright and others.* Petition to sell slaves for Division.

IT appearing that James Wright of Tennessee, Thos. Allgood of Dalaware, and Gideon Wright of Tennessee, defendants in this case live beyond the limits of this State; it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, a paper published in the City of Raleigh, for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the aforesaid County, at the Court House in Louisburg, on the 2nd Monday in December, A. D., 1852, then and there to plead, answer, or demur to said petition; otherwise the same will be heard exparte as to them and decree made accordingly.

Witness, Young Patterson, Clerk of said Court at office, 23d October, 1852.

Y. PATTERSON, *Clerk.*

October 25, 1852. (Pr, adv. $5 62½.) 945—6w.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina, now in session, for the passage of an act, to authorize certain persons therein named, to raise, by way of lottery, twenty thousand dollars, to cut and excavate out a Canal, and make a road along said Canal, in Washington County. Said Canal and Road is to commence at some suitable place at the Albemarle Sound.

Or to revive and amend the acts of the Legislature, passed at the session of 1833-'34, authorizing certain persons therein named to raise, by lottery, six thousand dollars to cut a Canal in Washington County. Or application will be made to the Legislature of North Carolina, now in session, for the passage of an act to incorporate a company to cut and excavate out a Canal and make a Road along the same in Washington County Said Canal and Road to commence at some suitable place at the Albemarle Sound, in the aforesaid County.

October 21st, 1852. 100—td.

NEW BOOKS.

HILDRETH'S History of the United States, 6th and concluding volume;

Mysteries, or Glimpses of the Supernatural, containing accounts of the Salem Witchcraft;

The Cock-Lane Ghost, Rochester Rappings; the Stratford Mysteries, &c. &c.; by Charles W. Elliott;

Pierre, or the Ambiguities; by Herman Mellville;

A Buck Eye Abroad, or Wanderings in Europe and in the Orient; by Samuel S. Cox;

Mental Alchemy—a treatise on the Mind, Nervous System, Psychology, Magnetism, Mesmerism, and Diseases; by B Brown Williams, . D.

The Mother at Home; by John S. C. Abbott, very greatly improved and enlarged, with numerous engravings. For sale by H. D. TURNER.

At the N. C. Bookstore.

Raleigh, August 16, 1852. —79

House and Lot for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale her House and Lot, situated in the South-western part of Raleigh, near the residence of Maj. Collins. The House is new, has two stories, and the lot has upon it all necessary outhouses. There is half an acre of ground attached.

A good bargain may be had, if application is made soon. Persons who wish to purchase, will of course examine the premises.

E. A. GORMAN.

Raleigh. Oct. 18, 1852. 97—tf.

SWAIM'S JUSTICE.

THE NORTH CAROLINA JUSTICE.

CONTAINING a summary statement of the Statutes and common Law of this State, together with the decisions of the Supreme Court, and all the most approved forms and precedents relating to the office and duty of a Justice of the Peace, and other public officers, according to modern practice, by Benjamin Swaim, second edition, revised and corrected. For sale by

HENRY D. TURNER.

October, 22 1852. 99—

A GOOD CHANCE.

EVANS & COOKE have on hand a fine lot of Dress Goods, which they will sell at cost.

Rich Brocade col'd Silks,
French Satin DeChene,
Embroidered Robes,
Albonise do.
French Cashmeres & DeLanes,
All other goods at very low prices,
Received to-day Black Silks, Cheap Delanes,
English Merinos, Men's wear, Clothing and Shoe, which will be sold cheap.
Call on us at the old Stand, No 29, Cheap Side.

Raleigh, Nov. 24th, 1852.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the Greenville and Raleigh Plank Road Company are hereby notified that an instalment of Four Dollars on the Share will be required to be paid on the 20th of December, 1852. Prompt payment equested. By order of the Board of Directors.

R. L. MYERS, President.

Jno. A. Sally, Secretary.

Greenville, November 15th, 1852. 1—4t.

2000 SMITH'S Mulles No. 7, 8, 9 and 10.

J. BROWN.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than five years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500,000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is nearly Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been ess than one third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year.

DIRECTORS:

Jos. G. B. Roulhac, C. W. D. Hutchings, Richard Smith, John Primrose, Henry D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, Michael Brown, Salisbury, Alexander Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, A. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and H. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

J. G. B. Roulhac, President,
Henry D. Turner, Vice President,
Richard Smith, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.
S. W. Whiting, Richard Smith, John Primrose, } Executive Committee.